City of St. Ignace, Michigan

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

CITY OF ST. IGNACE, MICHIGAN

ORGANIZATION

MEMBERS OF THE CITY COMMISSION

MAYOR WILLIAM LALONDE

COUNCIL MEMBER/MAYOR PRO TEM ROBERT ST. LOUIS

COUNCIL MEMBER KAYLA PELTER

COUNCIL MEMBER MICHAEL WILLIFORD

COUNCIL MEMBER PAUL FULLERTON

COUNCIL MEMBER THOMAS CRONAN

APPOINTED OFFICERS

CITY MANAGER DARCY LONG

CITY CLERK/TREASURER ANDREA INSLEY

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of St. Ignace St. Ignace, Michigan 49781

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of St Ignace, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the comptroller general of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of St Ignace, Michigan's ability to continue

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission

as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and Government Auditing Standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, employee retirement and benefit systems, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12, pages 54 through 56 and pages 57 through 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of bond covenant cash reserves and combining nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of bond covenant cash reserves and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

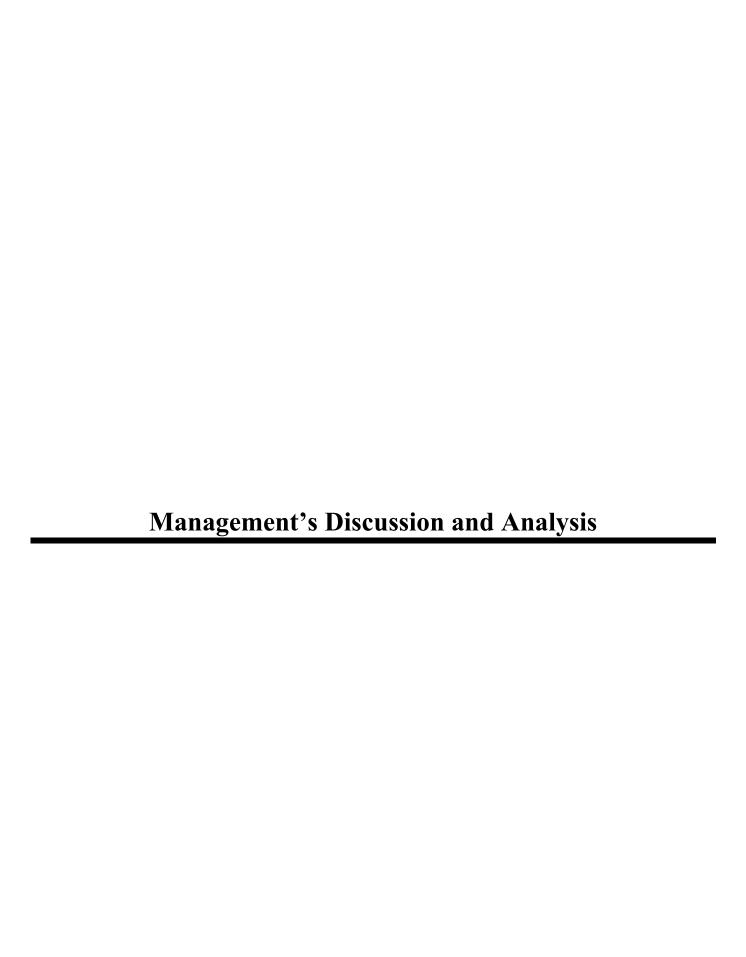
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2022, on our consideration of the City of St. Ignace's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on effectiveness of the City of St Ignace, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of St. Ignace's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

anderson Jackman Co. PSC

Kincheloe, Michigan

June 28, 2022



As management of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The net position of the City at the close of 2021 was \$18,023,683. Of this amount, \$(3,100,825) is unrestricted net position.
- The City's total net position increased \$38,836, which comprised of a decrease of \$22,147 related to net current year governmental activities and an increase of \$60,983 related to net current year business-type activities.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,947,001. Of the ending fund balance 24.8% or \$978,447 is unassigned fund balance.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise five components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to financial statements, 4) required supplementary information, and 5) other information.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave and accrued interest expense).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include legislative, general government, public safety, public works including major and local street maintenance, community and economic development and recreation and culture activities. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, marina, garbage collection and golf course operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate component unit – the Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") - for which the City is financially accountable and as such, the DDA is accountable to the City for its activities.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of *governmental funds* is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General, Major Streets, and Local Street, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various City functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its office equipment pool and equipment activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer and marina funds, which are all considered major funds of the City. Data from the other two enterprise funds, including the BFI Garbage Collection Fund and Golf Course Fund, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI). RSI includes this management discussion and analysis, along with the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions for the City's defined benefit pension plan, retiree health plan, and budgetary comparison schedules.

Supplementary information. The schedule of bond covenant cash reserves and combining fund financial statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$18,023,683 at the close of fiscal year 2021.

City of St. Ignace Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Govern Activ		Business-type Activities		Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current Assets Capital Assets	\$ 4,594,390 10,136,873	\$ 4,120,122 10,182,784	\$ 3,708,203 20,775,781	\$ 3,072,847 21,586,007	\$ 8,302,593 30,912,654	\$ 7,192,969 31,768,791	
Total Assets	14,731,263	14,302,906	24,483,984	24,658,854	39,215,247	38,961,760	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	808,021	833,560	176,752	134,684	984,773	968,244	
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	520,301 10,338,619	643,012 10,024,202	804,364 9,846,823	641,442 10,290,000	1,324,665 20,185,442	1,284,454 20,314,202	
Total Liabilities	10,858,920	10,667,214	10,651,187	10,931,442	21,510,107	21,598,656	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	520,604	287,345	145,626	59,156	666,230	346,501	
Net Position Net Investment in							
Capital Assets	6,484,425	6,913,054	11,791,319	12,181,214	18,275,744	19,094,268	
Restricted	2,247,234	1,896,981	601,530	571,947	2,848,764	2,468,928	
Unrestricted	(4,571,899)	(4,628,128)	1,471,074	1,049,779	(3,100,825)	(3,578,349)	
Total Net Position	\$ 4,159,760	\$ 4,181,907	\$ 13,863,923	\$ 13,802,940	\$ 18,023,683	\$ 17,984,847	

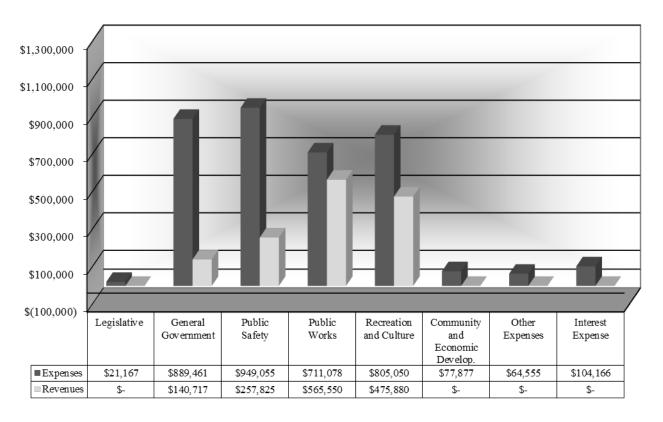
Approximately 101% of the City's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and vehicles). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Restricted net position represents approximately 15.8% of total net position. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$(3,100,825) or (17.2) %.

City of St. Ignace Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

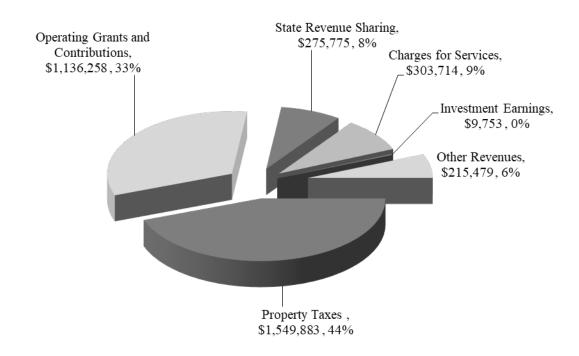
	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 303,714	\$ 210,274	\$ 3,301,896	\$ 2,953,773	\$ 3,605,610	\$ 3,164,047	
Capital & Operating Grants	ψ 505,714	Ψ 210,274	Ψ 5,501,670	Ψ 2,755,775	φ 5,005,010	φ 5,104,047	
and Contributions	1,136,258	1,107,607	_	19,395	1,136,258	1,127,002	
General Revenues	1,150,200	1,107,007		1,,5,5	1,150,250	1,127,002	
Taxes	1,549,883	1,496,674	_	_	1,549,883	1,496,674	
State Shared Revenues	275,775	237,381	_	_	275,775	237,381	
Investment Income	9,753	14,635	4,989	7,785	14,742	22,420	
Other Revenue	215,479	218,619	6,049	44,804	221,528	263,423	
Total Revenues	3,490,862	3,285,190	3,312,934	3,025,757	6,803,796	6,310,947	
Program Expenses							
Legislative	21,167	24,565	-	-	21,167	24,565	
General Government	889,461	793,310	-	-	889,461	793,310	
Public Safety	949,055	885,015	-	-	949,055	885,015	
Public Works	711,078	715,228	-	-	711,078	715,228	
Recreation and Culture	805,050	1,031,833	-	-	805,050	1,031,833	
Community and Economic Development	77,877	65,085	-	-	77,877	65,085	
Interest Expense	104,166	90,237	-	-	104,166	90,237	
Other Expenses	64,555	97,017	-	-	64,555	97,017	
Water	-	-	1,154,051	1,086,760	1,154,051	1,086,760	
Sewer	-	-	1,197,557	1,160,057	1,197,557	1,160,057	
Marina	-	-	512,233	436,135	512,233	436,135	
BFI Garbage Collection	-	-	119,466	119,730	119,466	119,730	
Golf Course		<u> </u>	159,244	118,173	159,244	118,173	
Total Expenses	3,622,409	3,702,290	3,142,551	2,920,855	6,764,960	6,623,145	
Changes in Net Position Before Transfers	(131,547)	(417,100)	170,383	104,902	38,836	(312,198)	
Transfers	109,400	204,830	(109,400)	(204,830)			
Changes in Net Position	(22,147)	(212,270)	60,983	(99,928)	38,836	(312,198)	
Net Position - Beginning	4,181,907	4,394,177	13,802,940	13,902,868	17,984,847	18,297,045	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 4,159,760	\$ 4,181,907	\$ 13,863,923	\$ 13,802,940	\$ 18,023,683	\$ 17,984,847	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$22,147. This is an increase of \$190,123 in change in net position for governmental fund from the prior year. This increase is related to growth various expense categories being overtaken by revenues growth in 2021.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increase the City's net position by \$60,983...

\$1,400,000 \$1,200,000 \$1,000,000 \$800,000 \$600,000 \$400,000 \$200,000 \$-Water Sewer Marina BFI Garbage Golf Course Collection Expenses \$1,154,051 \$1,197,557 \$512,233 \$119,466 \$159,244 ■ Revenues \$1,305,520 \$1,181,136 \$527,592 \$128,724 \$158,924

Expenses and Revenues – Business-type Activities

All revenues for the business-type activities resulted from charges for services and grants and contributions.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$87,036 from \$1,524,497 to \$1,437,461 during 2021. The decrease was primarily related to increases in multiple expenditure areas with the largest increases related general government and public safety.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the City's Water, Sewer, and Marina proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$397,151, \$366,057, and \$548,196, respectively. The Water Fund had an increase in net position for the year of \$83,082. This increase in net position is mainly attributable to an increase in other revenue and charges for services. The Sewer fund had a decrease in net position for the year of \$55,613, which was the result of an increase in personnel services in current year. The Marina Fund had an increase in net position of \$8,174 primarily related to increases in charges for service revenues.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The annual Budget Review highlights the proposed budget for each fiscal year and expounds upon the major budget issues. Management compares actual expenditures to budgeted amounts to determine whether amendments are required. The City did amend the 2021 budget; however, the City ended the year with excess of expenditures over appropriations in one function.

During the year, general fund budgetary estimates were exceeded by revenues by \$104,935 and expenditures exceeded by budgetary estimates by \$107,390 excluding transfers. The revenue variance is mainly the result of higher state source and tax revenues than anticipated. The expense variance is primarily attributable to higher public safety and public works expenditures than originally budgeted for in 2021.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City defines a capital asset as an asset with an original cost that exceeds \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Included in the cost of a capital asset are items such as labor and freight and any other costs associated with bringing the asset into full operation. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the course of their estimated useful lives.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• Finished fire hall construction and purchase of a new tractor for the golf course.

City of St. Ignace
Capital Assets
(net of depreciation, where applicable)

		Govern	Governmental			Busine	e					
	Activities			Activities					Total			
		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$	1,757,928	\$	1,757,928	\$	197,653	\$	197,653	\$	1,955,581	\$	1,955,581
Museum Artifacts	Φ	300,000	Ф	300,000	J	197,033	Ą	197,033	Ф	300,000	Ą	300,000
Construction in Progress		-		2,299,091		-		-		-		2,299,091
Buildings		7,022,936		4,597,478		2,810,040		2,977,460		9,832,976		7,574,938
Land Improvements		267,039		281,384		-		-		267,039		281,384
Infrastructure		199,989		223,144		-		-		199,989		223,144
Machinery, Equipment												
and Vehicles		588,981		723,759		148,669		101,959		737,650		825,718
Water		-		-		4,921,442		5,142,674		4,921,442		5,142,674
Sewer		-		-		8,233,743		8,490,285		8,233,743		8,490,285
Marina				-		4,464,234	_	4,675,976		4,464,234		4,675,976
Net Capital Assets	\$	10,136,873	\$	10,182,784	\$	20,775,781	\$	21,586,007	\$	30,912,654	\$	31,768,791

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Long-term debt. Debt incurred in the course of constructing or acquiring a capital asset is recorded and paid through a debt service fund or proprietary fund. Debt classified as long-term if the debt matures in a period greater than one year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$12,636,910. Of this amount, \$3,652,448 was debt of governmental activities and \$8,984,462 was debt of business-type activities.

The City's total debt decreased by \$122,704 during the current fiscal year. The City also has an OPEB obligation in the amount of \$2,119,667 and a Pension obligation of \$5,896,278.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City is working toward a number of core adjustments from 2021 and also to 2022, as follows:

In 2021 the City updated police vehicle through a lease program at a cost savings to the organization replacing three vehicles for the cost off one vehicle.

Implementation of capital improvement plan was a highlight in the 2021 budget and is one requirement of for MEDC RRC Certification.

Street deterioration is of great concern, but funds from Act 51 and the road millage are only sufficient to perform maintenance on them.

In 2022 development proposals are being considered by the City with the rezoning of property for apartments, a site plan approved for a new 100 room hotel and interest in other commercial development.

For the 2022 budget the City Council approved its first fee schedule of all City Fees.

Council approved rules of procedure for guiding the efficient running of meetings.

2022 budget saw an increase in the readiness to serve for wastewater to meet USADA Rural Development requirements for repayment of bonds.

The downtown boardwalk condition and deterioration is a concern for the DDA, Council, Resident's and Tourists alike. There will be work to upgrade this asset to the community the DDA will be investing about \$50,000 in grant funding secured from various sources to replace a large portion of the boardwalk with concrete.

Ferry preliminary work has started to help with the process to secure funding from the State of Michigan to rebuild this into a Class A street after providing service to the City after almost 70 years since it was built.

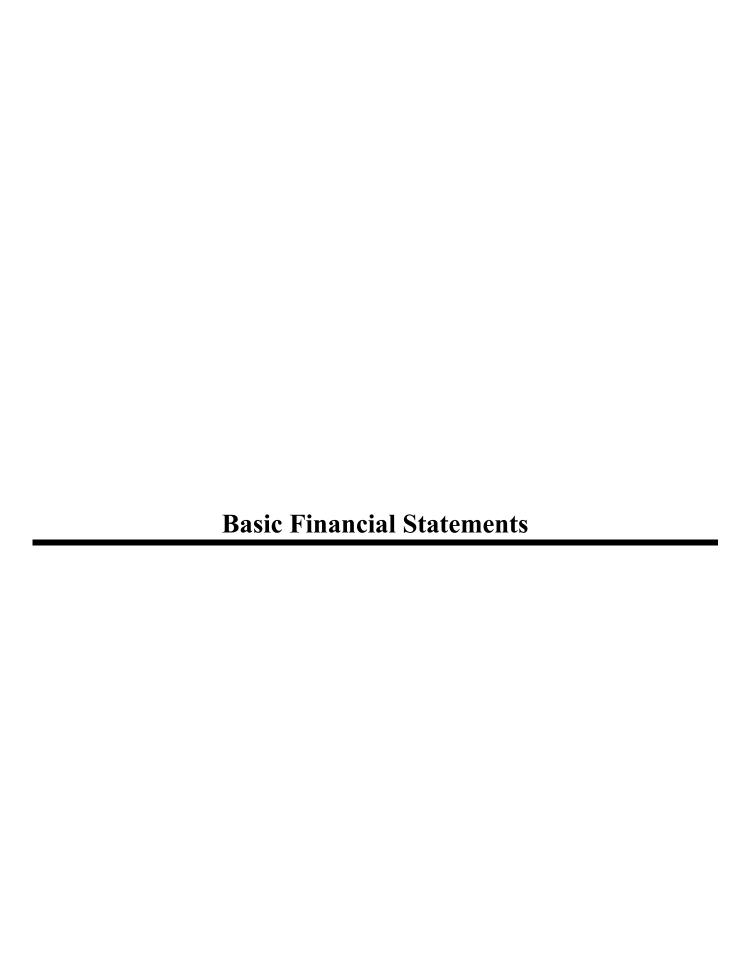
Final completion of the Little Bear Ball Fields will take place in 2022.

Work continues on the 2023 Water, Sewer and Water Plant project and the process to be awarded funding from the State of Michigan for loans to bring the project to a reality.

Employee Pension liability is a continued burden on the City and valuable resources from the General Fund each year. The City is moving toward meeting the obligations but it is a slow process.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mr. Darcy Long, City Manager, 396 N. State Street, St. Ignace, Michigan, 49781.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Primary Government			Component
	Governmental	Business-type		Unit
	Activities	Activities	Totals	DDA
ASSETS:				
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 4,112,921	\$ 1,337,398	\$ 5,450,319	\$ 217,617
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted	25,007	1,718,442	1,743,449	_
Cash Held by Fiscal Agent - Restricted	· -	254,875	254,875	-
Accounts Receivable	39,469	249,622	289,091	-
Taxes Receivable	125,530	-	125,530	17,298
Special Assessments Receivable	-	2,870	2,870	-
Due from Governmental Units	132,414	-	132,414	-
Prepaid Items	24,810	128,131	152,941	3,102
Inventories	134,239	16,865	151,104	10,946
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)	2,057,928	197,653	2,255,581	182,626
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	8,078,945	20,578,128	28,657,073	641,140
TOTAL ASSETS	14,731,263	24,483,984	39,215,247	1,072,729
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Related Items	591,738	176,752	768,490	-
OPEB Related Items	216,283		216,283	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	808,021	176,752	984,773	
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	230,223	21,759	251,982	10,409
Accrued Liabilities	164,082	50,584	214,666	3,756
Accrued Interest Payable	28,875	83,820	112,695	-
Internal Balances	(154,414)	154,414	-	_
Unearned Revenue	59,007	-	59,007	_
Lease Payable - due within one year	-	9,867	9,867	_
Lease Payable - due in more than one year	_	43,350	43,350	_
Instalment Loans - due within one year	38,528	18,172	56,700	_
Instalment Loans - due in more than one year	189,920	13,547	203,467	_
Bonds Payable - due within one year	154,000	465,747	619,747	_
Bonds Payable - due in more than one year	3,270,000	8,433,779	11,703,779	_
Net Pension Liability - due in more than one year	4,540,130	1,356,148	5,896,278	_
OPEB Obligation - due in more than one year	2,119,667	1,550,110	2,119,667	_
Vested Employee Benefits - due in more than one year	218,902		218,902	6,931
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,858,920	10,651,187	21,510,107	21,096
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Related Items	487,544	145,626	633,170	-
OPEB Related Items	33,060		33,060	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	520,604	145,626	666,230	
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,484,425	11,791,319	18,275,744	823,766
Restricted for Debt Covenants	· -	601,530	601,530	- -
Restricted for Special Revenue	1,878,953	-	1,878,953	-
Restricted for Capital Projects	343,281	-	343,281	-
Restricted for Trust Purposes	25,000	-	25,000	-
Unrestricted	(4,571,899)	1,471,074	(3,100,825)	227,867
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,159,760	\$ 13,863,923	\$ 18,023,683	\$ 1,051,633

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	t	Component	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Unit	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	DDA	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Legislative	\$ 21,167	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (21,167)	\$ -	\$ (21,167)	\$ -	
General Government	889,461	53,915	86,802	-	(748,744)	-	(748,744)	-	
Public Safety	949,055	66,848	140,977	50,000	(691,230)	-	(691,230)	-	
Public Works	711,078	7,756	557,794	-	(145,528)	-	(145,528)	-	
Recreation and Culture	805,050	175,195	146,020	154,665	(329,170)	-	(329,170)	-	
Community and Economic Development	77,877	-	-	-	(77,877)	-	(77,877)		
Other Expenses	64,555	-	-	-	(64,555)	-	(64,555)	-	
Interest Expense	104,166				(104,166)		(104,166)		
Total Governmental Activities	3,622,409	303,714	931,593	204,665	(2,182,437)		(2,182,437)		
Business-type activities:									
Water	1,154,051	1,305,520	-	-	-	151,469	151,469	-	
Sewer	1,197,557	1,181,136	-	-	-	(16,421)	(16,421)	-	
Marina	512,233	527,592	-	-	-	15,359	15,359	-	
BFI Garbage Collection	119,466	128,724	_	_	_	9,258	9,258	_	
Golf Course	159,244	158,924				(320)	(320)		
Total Business-type Activities	3,142,551	3,301,896				159,345	159,345		
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,764,960	\$ 3,605,610	\$ 931,593	\$ 204,665	(2,182,437)	159,345	(2,023,092)		
Component Units:									
DDA	\$ 584,357	\$ 155,244	\$ -	\$ -				(429,113)	
General Revenues and Transfers:									
Taxes - Property					1,549,883	-	1,549,883	212,278	
State Revenue Sharing					275,775	_	275,775	_	
Federal, State, Local					_	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	105,145	
Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets					1,575	_	1,575		
Other Revenues					213,904	6,049	219,953	52,014	
Investment Earnings					9,753	4,989	14,742	493	
Transfers					109,400	(109,400)			
Total General Revenues and Transfers					2,160,290	(98,362)	2,061,928	369,930	
Change in Net Position					(22,147)	60,983	38,836	(59,183)	
Net Position - Beginning					4,181,907	13,802,940	17,984,847	1,110,816	
Net Position - Ending					\$ 4,159,760	\$ 13,863,923	\$ 18,023,683	\$ 1,051,633	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

		General		Major Streets		Local Streets		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	1,260,027	\$	827,105	\$	182,817	\$	1,498,950	\$	3,768,899
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted	Ψ	1,200,027	Ψ	627,105	Ψ	102,017	ψ	25,007	φ	25,007
Accounts Receivable		5,152		_		_		22,835		27,987
Taxes Receivable		103,149		4,806		4,806		12,769		125,530
Due from Other Funds		154,414		1,000		1,000		17,070		171,484
Due from Governmental Units		46,373		64,522		21,519		-		132,414
Prepaid Items		13,077				21,317		5,685		18,762
Inventories		134,239						-		134,239
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,716,431	\$	896,433	\$	209,142	\$	1,582,316	\$	4,404,322
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts Payable	\$	136,791	\$	_	\$	_	\$	85,921	\$	222,712
Accrued Liabilities		142,179		4,968		3,204		8,181		158,532
Due to Other Funds				_		-		17,070		17,070
Unearned Revenue		-						59,007		59,007
TOTAL LIABILITIES		278,970		4,968		3,204		170,179		457,321
FUND BALANCES:										
Nonspendable		147,316		-		-		26,292		173,608
Restricted		-		891,465		205,938		1,162,873		2,260,276
Committed		311,904		-		-		-		311,904
Assigned		-		-		-		222,972		222,972
Unassigned		978,241		-						978,241
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,437,461		891,465		205,938		1,412,137		3,947,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,716,431	\$	896,433	\$	209,142	\$	1,582,316		
Reconciliation to amounts reported for governmental activitie	es in 1	the statement	of net	position:						
Capital assets used by governmental activities										9,867,536
OPEB obligation and related deferred inflows/outflows										(1,936,444)
Installment loans and bonds payable for governmental activities	S									(3,457,112)
Vested employee benefits										(218,902)
Internal service funds included in governmental activities										419,598
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows/outflows										(4,435,936)
Accrued interest payable										(25,981)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	4,159,760

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

DEVENUES	General	Major Streets	Local Streets	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	A 1 274 102	Ф. 57 100	A 57.100	A 161 202	Φ 1.740.002
Taxes and Penalties	\$ 1,274,192	\$ 57,199	\$ 57,199	\$ 161,293	\$ 1,549,883
Licenses and Permits	6,287	-	-	24,365	30,652
Federal Sources	200.000	205.410	140.275	62,566	62,566
State Sources	289,869	385,419	149,375	158,774	983,437
Local Sources	41,605	11,500	11,500	325,847	390,452
Charges for Services	86,970	-	-	152,658	239,628
Interest Earnings	694	4,071	2,252	2,736	9,753
Rentals	28,324	-	-	-	28,324
Other Revenue	141,393			52,899	194,292
TOTAL REVENUES	1,869,334	458,189	220,326	941,138	3,488,987
EXPENDITURES:					
Legislative	21,167	-	-	-	21,167
General Government	707,689	-	-	64,308	771,997
Public Safety	753,130	-	-	37,876	791,006
Public Works	208,451	164,769	221,202	11,413	605,835
Community and Economic Development	77,877	-	-	-	77,877
Recreation and Cultural	106,425	-	-	510,753	617,178
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	382,285	382,285
Debt Service	_	-	-	272,381	272,381
Other Expenditures	64,555			<u> </u>	64,555
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,939,294	164,769	221,202	1,279,016	3,604,281
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(69,960)	293,420	(876)	(337,878)	(115,294)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Bond Proceeds	-	-	-	597,200	597,200
Transfers In	233,345	-	45,369	202,056	480,770
Transfers Out	(250,421)	(56,369)	(6,500)	(46,045)	(359,335)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(17,076)	(56,369)	38,869	753,211	718,635
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(87,036)	237,051	37,993	415,333	603,341
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,524,497	654,414	167,945	996,804	3,343,660
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ 1,437,461	\$ 891,465	\$ 205,938	\$ 1,412,137	\$ 3,947,001

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 603,341

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay \$382,285 exceeded depreciation expense (\$380,035).

2,250

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments 182,366

Note proceeds are recorded as an other financing source in the governmental funds but issuing notes increases the liabilities in the statement of net position

Bond Proceeds (597,200)

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment costs, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(17,683)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds:

0	PEB obligation and net pension liability	(220,427)
V	ested employee benefits	31,876
A	ccrued interest expense	 (6,670)
	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (22,147)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

		Ві	Isiness-type Activ Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities
Lagrange	Water	Sewer	Marina	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totals	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS:	\$ 667,020	\$ -	\$ 516,607	\$ 153,771	\$ 1.337.398	\$ 344,022
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted		*	\$ 310,007	\$ 153,771	, , , , , , , , ,	\$ 344,022
Cash held by Figgal A part - Restricted	601,530	1,116,912	-	-	1,718,442	-
Cash held by Fiscal Agent - Restricted Accounts Receivable	254,875	116 156	12 006	14.069	254,875 249,622	11,482
Taxes Receivable	106,512	116,156	12,886	14,068	,	11,482
	2,374	156	2 101	340	2,870	-
Prepaid Items	116,243	7,236	3,101	1,551	128,131	6,048
Inventories	- (1.116	- 02 400	16,865	42.020	16,865	-
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)	61,116	93,498	-	43,039	197,653	-
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	5,015,620	11,037,879	4,464,234	60,395	20,578,128	269,337
Total Assets	6,825,290	12,371,837	5,013,693	273,164	24,483,984	630,889
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension Related Items	88,376	88,376			176,752	
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable	3,187	8,484	28	10,060	21,759	7,511
Accrued Liabilities	34,848	14,501	1,235	-	50,584	5,550
Accrued Interest Payable	49,327	34,493	-	-	83,820	2,894
Due to Other Funds	-	154,414	-	-	154,414	-
Net Pension Liabilities	678,074	678,074	-	-	1,356,148	-
Lease Payable - due within one year	-	-	-	9,867	9,867	-
Lease Payable - due in more than one year	-	-	-	43,350	43,350	-
Installment Notes - due within one year	18,172	-	-	-	18,172	33,188
Installment Notes - due in more than one year	13,547	_	-	-	13,547	162,148
Bonds Payable - due within one year	69,747	396,000	-	=	465,747	=
Bonds Payable - due in more than one year	1,851,890	6,581,889			8,433,779	
Total Liabilities	2,718,792	7,867,855	1,263	63,277	10,651,187	211,291
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension Related Items	72,813	72,813			145,626	
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,123,380	4,153,488	4,464,234	50,217	11,791,319	74,001
Restricted	601,530	-	-	-	601,530	-
Unrestricted	397,151	366,057	548,196	159,670	1,471,074	345,597
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,122,061	\$ 4,519,545	\$ 5,012,430	\$ 209,887	\$ 13,863,923	\$ 419,598

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Sewer	Marina	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totals	Internal Service Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Charges for Services	\$ 1,279,580	\$ 1,181,136	\$ 527,220	\$ 287,899	\$ 3,275,835	\$ 280,777			
Other Revenue	25,940		372		26,312				
Total Operating Revenues	1,305,520	1,181,136	527,592	287,899	3,302,147	280,777			
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Personnel Services	560,561	320,855	64,239	85,940	1,031,595	115,556			
Supplies	64,002	50,599	178,340	2,088	295,029	75,803			
Contracted Services	73,329	35,235	1,438	122,105	232,107	480			
Insurance	12,491	7,604	11,335	2,856	34,286	5,973			
Utilities	63,727	149,247	14,047	21,270	248,291	7,392			
Repairs and Maintenance	-	3,537	6,392	19,534	29,463	14,738			
Rent	19,202	6,324	2,180	8,892	36,598	-			
Depreciation and Amortization	237,593	424,906	211,742	5,799	880,040	48,161			
Other Expenses	35,442	8,550	22,520	10,226	76,738	12,716			
Total Operating Expenses	1,066,347	1,006,857	512,233	278,710	2,864,147	280,819			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	239,173	174,279	15,359	9,189	438,000	(42)			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Local Grants	-	-	-	-	_	300			
Interest Income	1,813	2,008	815	353	4,989	-			
Interest Expense	(87,704)	(190,700)	-	(251)	(278,655)	(7,481)			
Other	-	` · ·	-	6,049	6,049	-			
Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets						1,575			
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(85,891)	(188,692)	815	6,151	(267,617)	(5,606)			
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	153,282	(14,413)	16,174	15,340	170,383	(5,648)			
TRANSFERS:									
Transfers In	_		_	10,000	10,000	9,600			
Transfers Out	(70,200)	(41,200)	(8,000)	-	(119,400)	(21,635)			
Total Transfers	(70,200)	(41,200)	(8,000)	10,000	(109,400)	(12,035)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	83,082	(55,613)	8,174	25,340	60,983	(17,683)			
	4,038,979		5,004,256	184,547	13,802,940	437,281			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,575,158							
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,122,061	\$ 4,519,545	\$ 5,012,430	\$ 209,887	\$ 13,863,923	\$ 419,598			

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities				
		Water		Sewer		Marina	N	Vonmajor Funds	Totals		nternal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers or Users Cash Payments to Vendors Cash Paid to Employees Internal Activity - Payments/Receipts with Other Funds	\$	1,331,652 (380,499) (541,642)	\$	1,199,670 (259,751) (296,471) 154,414	\$	515,506 (227,639) (64,746)	\$	290,103 (186,906) (85,940)	\$ 3,336,931 (1,054,795) (988,799) 154,414	\$	281,372 (118,656) (112,800)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		409,511		797,862		223,121		17,257	 1,447,751		49,916
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities: Federal, State, & Local Sources Other Revenues Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- - - (70,200)		- - (41,200)		- - - (8,000)		6,049 10,000	 6,049 10,000 (119,400)		300 - 9,600 (21,635)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		(70,200)		(41,200)		(8,000)		16,049	 (103,351)		(11,735)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of Capital Assets Debt proceeds Gain on Sale of Assets Interest Payments Principal Payments		(14,500) - - (87,704) (85,547)		- - (190,700) (388,000)		- - - -		(55,314) 55,064 - (251) (1,847)	(69,814) 55,064 - (278,655) (475,394)		1,575 (7,481) (32,115)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(187,751)		(578,700)		-		(2,348)	(768,799)		(38,021)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest Income		1,813		2,008		815		353	4,989		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		1,813		2,008		815		353	4,989		_
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents		153,373		179,970		215,936		31,311	580,590		160
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning of the Year		1,115,177		936,942		300,671		122,460	2,475,250		343,862
Cash and Equivalents - End of the Year	\$	1,268,550	\$	1,116,912	\$	516,607	\$	153,771	\$ 3,055,840	\$	344,022
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:											
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense Pension Expense	\$	239,173 237,593 20,898	\$	174,279 424,906 20,898	\$	15,359 211,742	\$	9,189 5,799	\$ 438,000 880,040 41,796	\$	(42) 48,161
Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable		26,724 (592)		16,869 1,665		(12,086)		2,544 (340)	34,051 733		595
Prepaid Items Inventories Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(104,355)		-		2,947 11,857		-	(101,408) 11,857		-
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds		(7,951) (1,979)		1,345 3,486 154,414		(6,191) (507)		65	 (12,732) 1,000 154,414		(1,554) 2,756
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	409,511	\$	797,862	\$	223,121	\$	17,257	\$ 1,447,751	\$	49,916

Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities

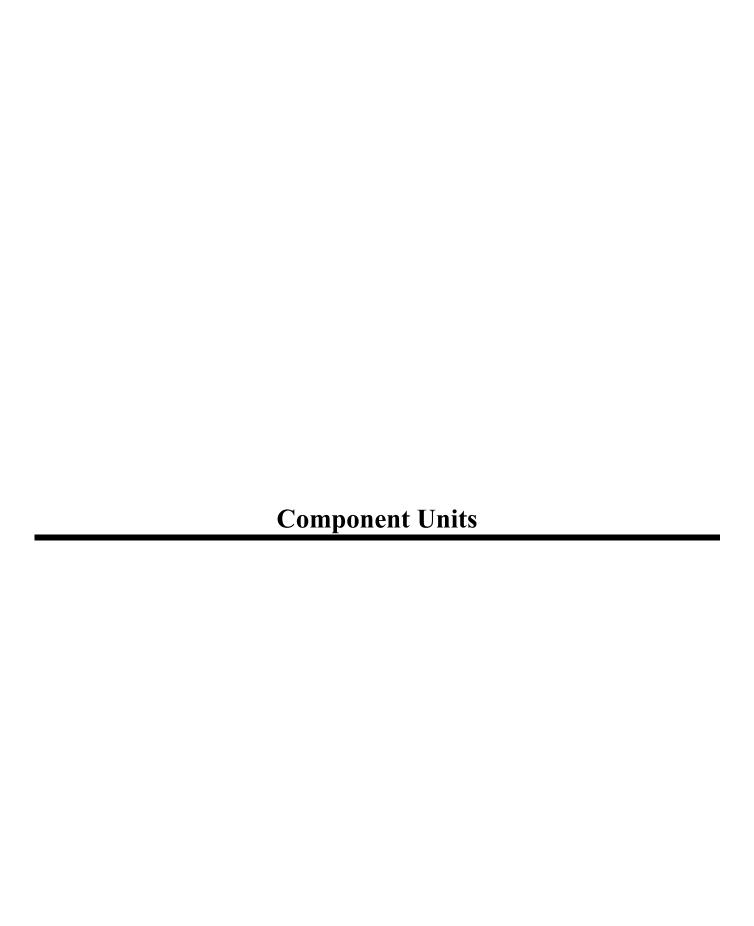
In 2021, the City water fund had \$7,730 of bond premium amortized with interest expense. This amount is included within the principal paid. In 202, the Golf Course fund purchased a tractor through the issuance of debt. This amount is included as debt proceeds and purchase of capital assets.

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

	Tax	Tax Collection Fund				
ASSETS:						
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	429,825				
Total Assets	\$	429,825				
LIABILITIES:						
Due to Governmental Units	\$	429,825				
Total Liabilities	\$	429,825				

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

	Tax	Tax Collection Fund	
ADDITIONS:			
Taxes Collected for Other Governments	\$	2,076,049	
Total Additions		2,076,049	
DEDUCTIONS: Payment of Taxes to Other Governments		1,863,882	
Overpayment of Taxes to Taxpayers		22,811	
Total Deductions		1,886,693	
Change in Cash Balance		189,356	
Cash, Beginning of Year		240,469	
Cash, End of Year	\$	429,825	



Combining Balance Sheet Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority December 31, 2021

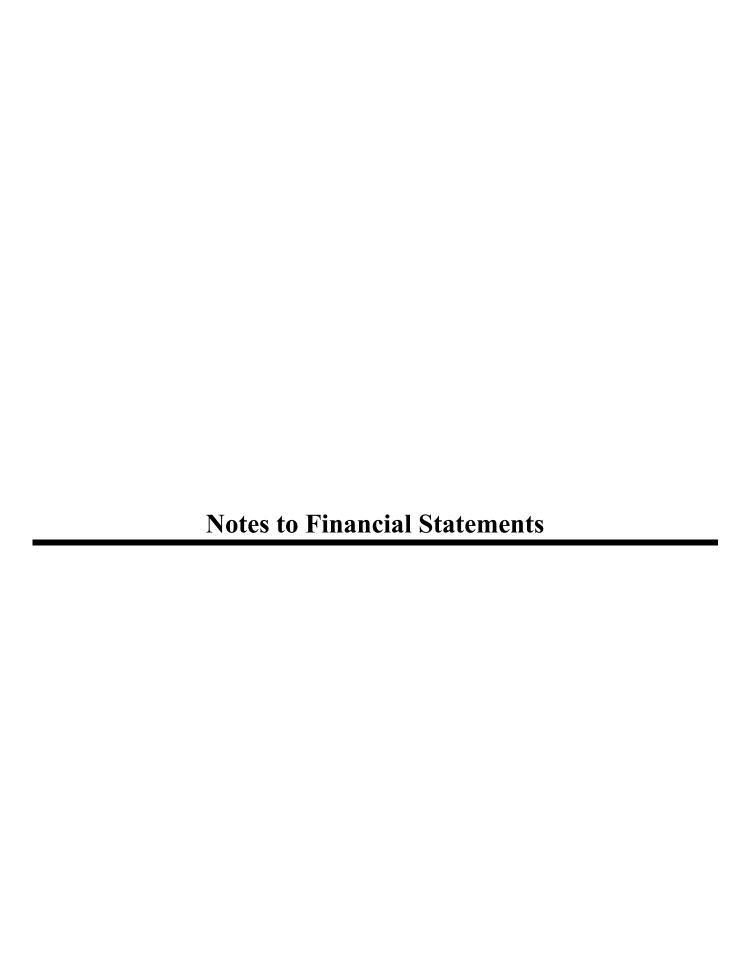
		eneral owntown		Museum perations	Debt \$	Service_	N	Museum Store		Sateway Project		Totals
ASSETS:	¢.	01.022	¢.	20.064	¢.	5	¢.	05.053	¢.	22.562	¢.	217.617
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted Taxes Receivable	\$	81,032 17,298	\$	28,064	\$	5	\$	85,953	\$	22,563	\$	217,617 17,298
Prepaid Items		1,551		1,551		-		_		_		3,102
Inventories		-		-				10,946				10,946
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	99,881	\$	29,615	\$	5	\$	96,899	\$	22,563	\$	248,963
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts Payable	\$	10,063	\$	-	\$	-	\$	346	\$	-	\$	10,409
Accrued Liabilities		1,166		1,358				1,232				3,756
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,229		1,358				1,578				14,165
FUND BALANCE:												
Unassigned		88,652		28,257		5		95,321		22,563		234,798
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	99,881	\$	29,615	\$	5	\$	96,899	\$	22,563		234,798
Reconciliation to amounts reported for the statem Capital assets used by governmental activities Vested Employees Benefits	ent of	net position	:									823,766 (6,931)
Net position of governmental activities											\$	1,051,633

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Downtown	Museum Operations	Debt Service	Museum Store	Gateway Project	Total
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 212,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 212,278
Charges for Services	-	-	-	155,244	-	155,244
Federal, State and Local	4,000	97,495	-	-	3,650	105,145
Interest Income	290	100	-	103	-	493
Other Income	11,196	38,366		2,452		52,014
TOTAL REVENUES	227,764	135,961		157,799	3,650	525,174
EXPENDITURES:						
Recreation & Culture	-	153,651	-	139,924	-	293,575
Economic Development	236,046	-	-	-	-	236,046
Capital Outlay					11,920	11,920
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	236,046	153,651		139,924	11,920	541,541
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(8,282)	(17,690)		17,875	(8,270)	(16,367)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In Transfers Out	- (20,000)	20,000	- -	- -	- -	20,000 (20,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(20,000)	20,000				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(28,282)	2,310	-	17,875	(8,270)	(16,367)
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR	116,934	25,947	5	77,446	30,833	251,165
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ 88,652	\$ 28,257	\$ 5	\$ 95,321	\$ 22,563	\$ 234,798

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net changes in fund balances - total component units	\$ (16,367)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets	
is capitalized and is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital	
outlay \$11,920 is exceeded by depreciation expense (\$56,130).	
	(44,210)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as	
expenditures in the funds:	
Vested employee benefits	 1,394
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (59,183)



Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of St. Ignace (the "City") and its component units, entities for which the City is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and as such, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit

St. Ignace Building Authority – The St. Ignace Building Authority is a blended component unit of the City. The St. Ignace Building Authority has a December 31 year end and a separate report is not prepared for the Building Authority. Its sole purpose is to account for the financing of certain building authority projects and related debt which is reported in the government-wide financial statements with the current year principal and interest expense recorded in a debt service fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The St. Ignace Downtown Development Authority – The Downtown Development Authority (the "DDA") is a discretely presented component unit of the City. The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the DDA. This component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The members of the governing Board of the DDA are appointed by the City Council. The budgets and expenditures of the DDA must be approved by the City Council. The City also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the DDA.

Jointly Governed Organization

Straits Area Fire Authority - The Straits Area Fire Authority (the "Authority") was created as a corporate instrumentality in 2018 under provisions of Act 57, Michigan Public Acts of 1988. The local governments comprising the Authority include the City of St. Ignace, Moran, and St. Ignace Townships. The Authority provides fire protection, equipment and services to these municipalities. The Authority is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB 61, since none of these governmental units appoint a majority of the Authority's board, the board members have decision making authority, the authority to set rates, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Streets Fund accounts for the use of motor fuel taxes which are restricted by State statutes for major street and highway purposes.

The *Local Streets Fund* accounts for the use of motor fuel taxes which are restricted by State statute for local street and highway purposes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operations, maintenance and development of water facilities.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations, maintenance and development of sewer facilities.

The Marina Fund accounts for the operations, maintenance and development of marina facilities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds. These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds. These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Project Funds. These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or capital assets.

Permanent Fund. This fund accounts for the assets that are permanently restricted in the City's cemetery Perpetual Care Fund. The principal portion of these funds must stay intact, but the interest earnings are used to provide for maintenance of the City's cemetery.

Enterprise Funds. These funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expense including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily though user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds. These funds account for operations that provide machinery and equipment and office equipment services to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Custodial Fund. This fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. This fund is used to account for assets that the City holds for others as a custodian (such as taxes collected for other governments).

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes, state revenue, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases, if any, are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Equivalents

The City maintains a cash pool for certain City funds. Each fund's portion of the cash pool is displayed on the statement of net position/balance sheet as "Cash and Equivalents". The debt service and custodial funds cash resources are invested separately as required by law.

The City's cash and equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reports as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes

The City's property taxes are levied each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property located in the City as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through February 28; as of March 1, of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are sold to and collected by Mackinac County. Assessed values, as established annually by the City and subject to acceptance by the City, are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value.

Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Prepaids Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources are set aside for repayment of the City's Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund revenue bonds and are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Amounts within the City's General fund are restricted for employee benefits, and in the Cemetery fund for perpetual care funding.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings, land improvements, infrastructure, marina, equipment, vehicles, and water and sewer system (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	15-40 years
Land improvements	10-15 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Marina	5-40 years
Equipment	5-25 years
Vehicles	5-25 years
Water and Sewer System	10-50 years

Vested Employee Benefits

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation time benefits, subject to certain limitations. All sick and vacation time pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has pension and OPEB items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has pension and OPEB items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Interfund Transfers

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, component units, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are used to record charges for services to all City funds as operating revenue. All City funds record payments to the internal service funds as operating expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has classified, non-spendable portion of the perpetual care trust, inventories and prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year in the amount of \$173,608.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has restricted \$891,465 for Major Streets, \$205,938 for Local Streets, \$781,550 for Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, \$38,042 for Debt Service Funds, and \$343,281 for Capital Project Funds.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City has committed \$311,904 fund balance.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned funds for Special Revenue Funds.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Control</u> – The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Each April, after receiving input from the individual departments, the City Manager prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing January 1 and lapses on December 31. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the City Commission.
- d. Budgetary control is exercised at the functional level of the General Fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any function or fund (i.e., budget amendments) require approval by the City Commission. Such amendments are made in accordance with the procedures prescribed under Public Act 621 of 1978.
- e. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- f. The City does not record encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as normal practice and, therefore, no outstanding encumbrances exist at year end.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Commission during the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes.

The General Fund revenue budget was adopted on the basis of activities or programs financed by the General Fund.

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 (the Budgeting Act) requires that budgets be adopted for Governmental Funds. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present budgetary comparisons for the Governmental Fund Types for which budgets were legally adopted. The original budget adopted for the General Fund was modified throughout the year through various budget amendments.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the functional level.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

At year end, the City's cash and equivalents were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	overnmental Activities		siness-Type <u>Activities*</u>	otal Primary overnment		Fiduciary Funds	Co	omponent Unit
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted Cash and Equivalents –	\$ 4,112,921	\$	1,337,398	\$ 5,450,319	\$	429,825	\$	217,617
Restricted	 25,007	_	1,973,317	 1,998,324	_			
Total	\$ 4,137,928	\$	3,310,715	\$ 7,448,643	\$	429,825	\$	217,617

NOTE 3 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The breakdown of cash and equivalents is as follows:

	Primary <u>Government</u>		Fiduciary Funds		Component Unit	
Bank Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposit and money market accounts)*	\$	7,445,544	\$	429,825	\$	217,617
Petty Cash and Cash on Hand Total	\$	3,099 7,448,643	\$	429,825	\$	217,617

^{*}The City also holds cash at a fiscal agent as of December 31, 2021 in the amount of \$254,875 for the purpose of making debt payments this amount is included in the above bank deposit and cash totals.

Interest rate risk. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Credit quality ratings of public money funds were not available from the financial institutions or are unrated.

Custodial deposit credit risk. Custodial deposit credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$7,308,853 of the City's bank balance of \$7,867,029 was exposed to credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Fair value measurement. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the measurements required judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Statutory Authority:

Public Act 152, entitled "An act relative to the investment of funds of public corporations of the state; and to validate certain investments," by amending section 1 (MCL 129.91), as amended by 2009 PA 21.

Except as provided in section 5, the governing body by resolution may authorize its investment officer to invest the funds of that public corporation in one or more of the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution, but only if the financial institution complies with subsection (2); certificates of deposit obtained through a financial institution as provided in subsection (5); or deposit accounts of a financial institution as provided in subsection (6).
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in subdivision (a).
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940, 15 USC 80a-1 to 80a-64, with authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation. However, a mutual fund is not disqualified as a permissible investment solely by reason of any of the following:
 - (i) The purchase of securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis.
 - (ii) The ability to lend portfolio securities as long as the mutual fund receives collateral at all times equal to at least 100% of the value of the securities loaned.
 - (iii) The limited ability to borrow and pledge a like portion of the portfolio's assets for temporary or emergency purposes.
- h. Obligations described in subdivisions (a) through (g) if purchased through an interlocal agreement under the urban cooperation act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i. Investment pools organized under the surplus funds investment pool act, 1982 PA 367, MCL 129.111 to 129.118.
- j. The investment pools organized under the local government investment pool act, 1985 PA 121, MCL 129.141 to 129.150.

The City's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

These deposits are in various financial institutions in varying amounts. All accounts are in the name of the City and specific funds. They are recorded in City records at cost. Interest is recorded when the deposits mature or is credited to the applicable account.

48,161

428,196

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances		Deductions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:			-	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,757,928	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,757,928
Museum Artifacts	300,000	-	-	300,000
Construction in Progress	2,299,091	382,285	(2,681,376)	_
Subtotal	4,357,019	382,285	(2,681,376)	2,057,928
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	8,483,195	_	2,681,376	11,164,571
Land improvements	561,657	_	-	561,657
Infrastructure	463,108	_	-	463,108
Equipment	2,472,363	_	-	2,472,363
Vehicles	995,238	_	(25,625)	969,613
Subtotal	12,975,561		2,655,751	15,631,312
Less accumulated depreciation on:				
Buildings	(3,885,717)	(255,918)	-	(4,141,635)
Land improvements	(280,273)	(14,345)	-	(294,618)
Infrastructure	(239,964)	(23,155)	-	(263,119)
Equipment	(2,044,961)	(52,385)	-	(2,097,346)
Vehicles	(698,881)	(82,393)	25,625	(755,649)
Subtotal	(7,149,796)	(428,196)	25,625	(7,552,367)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	5,825,765	(428,196)	2,681,376	8,078,945
Capital Assets – Net	\$ 10,182,784	<u>\$ (45,911)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 10,136,873
Depreciation expense was charged to fund	ctions/programs of t	he primary govern	ment as follows:	
Governmental Activities				
General Government				\$ 54,874
Public Safety				114,736
Public Works				34,368
Recreation and Culture				176,057
Capital assets held by the City'	s internal service fu	nds are		40.171

charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances		
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	<u>\$ 197,653</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 197,653</u>		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	8,352,884	-	-	8,352,884		
Machinery and Equipment	442,867	69,814	(5,000)	507,681		
Water	11,087,203	-	· -	11,087,203		
Sewer	10,795,866	-	-	10,795,866		
Marina	8,332,986			8,332,986		
Subtotal	39,011,806	69,814	(5,000)	39,076,620		
Less accumulated depreciation on:						
Buildings	(5,375,424)	(167,420)	_	(5,542,844)		
Machinery and Equipment	(340,908)	(23,104)	5,000	(359,012)		
Water	(5,944,529)	(221,232)	-	(6,165,761)		
Sewer	(2,305,581)	(256,542)	-	(2,562,123)		
Marina	(3,657,010)	(211,742)	_	(3,868,752)		
Subtotal	(17,623,452)	(880,040)	5,000	(18,498,492)		
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	21,388,354	(810,226)		20,578,128		
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 21,586,007	\$ (810,226)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 20,775,781		
Business - type Activities						
Water			\$ 237,593			
Sewer			424,906			
Marina			211,742			
Golf Course			5,799			
Total Depreciation Expense – Bu	usiness - type Activ	vities	\$ 880,040			

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity of the Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 182,626</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 182,626
Subtotal	182,626	-	_	182,626
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	266,043	-	-	266,043
Equipment	202,093	-	-	202,093
Land Improvements	1,796,171	11,920	=	1,808,091
Subtotal	2,264,307	11,920		2,276,227
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(62,135)	(9,385)	-	(71,520)
Equipment	(110,155)	(5,365)	-	(115,520)
Land Improvements	(1,406,667)	(41,380)		(1,448,047)
Subtotal	(1,578,957)	(56,130)	=	(1,635,087)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	685,350	(44,210)		641,140
Capital assets – Net of depreciation	\$ 867,976	<u>\$ (44,210)</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 823,766</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the Downtown Development Authority in the amount of \$56,130.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The City reports interfund balances between many of its funds. Some of the balances are considered immaterial and are aggregated into a single column or row. The total of all balances agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net position/balance sheet for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Interfund transactions resulting in interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

		DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	
E TO FUNDS		Nonmajor <u>General Fund</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Total</u>	
DUE	Nonmajor Governmental Sewer Fund	\$ - \$ 17,070 \$ 17,0 154,414 - 154,4	
	Total	<u>\$ 154,414</u> <u>\$ 17,070</u> <u>\$ 171,4</u>	<u> 184</u>

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

						ı	TRANSFI	ERS	IN				
L		(General	Loc	al Street		onmajor vernmental		onmajor nterprise	_	Internal Service		Total
OUT	General	\$	60,000	\$	_	\$	180,421	\$	10,000	\$	_	\$	250,421
	Major Street		11,000		45,369		_		_		_		56,369
TRANSFERS	Local Street		6,500		-		-		-		-		6,500
7 7	Nonmajor Governmental		46,045		-		_		-		-		46,045
S	Water		64,500		-		-		-		5,700		70,200
Y	Sewer		37,300		-		-		-		3,900		41,200
E E	Marina		8,000		-		-		-		-		8,000
J	Internal Service				-		21,635		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_	21,635
	Total	\$	233,345	\$	45,369	\$	202,056	\$	10,000	\$	9,600	\$	500,370

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) moves receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. City contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. The City also has capital leases that amounted to \$53,217 at the end of the fiscal year.

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Adjustments	Decreases/ Adjustments	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities			-		
Bonds: 2011 General Obligation Building Authority Refunding of 2001 issue, due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$80,000 through September 2026, plus interest at 3.50% to 4.75%, payable semi-annually.	\$ 420,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 65,000
2015 USDA Capital Improvement Bonds, payable in annual installments of \$8,000 to \$12,000 through October 2015, plus interest of 3.625% annually.	55,000	-	10,000	45,000	11,000
2014 USDA Capital Improvement Bonds, payable in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$80,000 through September 2026, plus interest from 3.5% to 4.75%, annually.	700,000	-	20,000	680,000	20,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Adjustments	Decreases/ Adjustments	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities (Continued)	Daranee	rajustinents	7 tajustinents	Datanec	One rear
Bonds: 2019 USDA Capital Improvement Bonds Series 2019A, payable in annual installments of \$49,000 to \$111,000 through 2049, plus interest of 3.00% annually.	1,788,800	362,200	50,000	2,101,000	52,000
2019 USDA Capital Improvement Bonds Series 2019B, payable in annual installments of \$6,000 to \$12,000 through 2048, plus interest of 3.00% annually.	9,000	235,000	6,000	238,000	6,000
Installment Loans: Installment Loan Agreement Central Savings Bank, payable in annual installments of \$4,463 to \$5,701 through October 2026, plus interest of 2.625%. Secured by equipment	. 38,384	-	5,272	33,112	5,340
Installment Loan to First National Bank, payable in annual installments of \$6,398 through August 2036, plus interest at 3.25% annually, secured by equipment.	78,849	-	3,838	75,011	3,959
Installment Loan First National Bank, payable in annual installments of \$5,817 through August 2036, plus interest of 3.25%. Secured by equipment.	71,681	-	3,489	68,192	3,599
Installment Loan Agreement First National Bank, payable in annual installments of \$52,755 to \$56,243 through 2021, plus interest of 3.253% annually.	31,094	-	31,094	-	-
Installment Loan Agreement Central Savings Bank, payable in annual installments of \$14,192 through 2023, including plus interest of 3.790% annually.	39,542	-	12,694	26,848	13,174
Installment Loan Agreement First National Bank, payable in annual installment of \$13,190 through 2024, plus interest of 2.90% annually.	37,380	-	12,094	25,286	12,456
Vested Employee Benefits – (net)	250,778		31,876	218,902	<u>-</u>
Total Governmental Activities – Long-Term Debt	3,520,508	597,200	246,357	3,871,351	192,528

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Adjustments	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
Bonds: 2015 Revolving Sewer Fund Loan, due in annual installments of \$61,561 to through 2041, plus interest at 2.50%, payable semi-annually.	1,355,108	-	65,000	1,290,108	65,000
2008 Revolving Sewer Fund Loan, due in annual installments of \$155,000 to \$240,000 through October 2029, plus interest at 2.50%, payable semi-annually.	1,950,000	-	195,000	1,755,000	200,000
2000 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$42,000 to \$142,000 through July 2040, plus interest at 4.50%, payable semi- annually.	1,898,000	-	60,000	1,838,000	63,000
2010 USDA Rural Development Sewer Capital Improvement Project Bonds, due in annual installments of \$32,000 to \$101,000 through 2050, plus interest at 2.25%, payable semi-annually.	1,942,000	-	51,000	1,891,000	53,000
2009 Sewage Disposal System Junior Lien Revenue Bonds, maturing serially to 2030, in annual amounts ranging from \$30,000 to \$40,000, plus interest at 2.50%, payable semi-annually.	360,771	-	35,000	325,771	35,000
1999 A Series Sewage Disposal Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$13,000 to \$38,000 through December 2038, plus interest at 4.50%, payable semi- annually.	490,000	-	18,000	472,000	19,000
1999 B Series Sewage Disposal Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$2,000 to \$8,010 through December 2038, plus interest at 4.50%.	68,010	-	3,000	65,010	2,000
2019 USDA Capital Improvement Bond, due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$57,000 through 2058, plus interest of 4.50%.	1,200,000	-	21,000	1,179,000	22,000
2018 State Infrastructure Loan, payable in annual installments of \$9,759 to \$13,819 through May 2032, plus interest of 2.5%.	90,221	-	6,583	83,638	6,748

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning	Increases/		Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Adjustments	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Business-type Activities (Continued) Installment:		-			
Installment Loan Agreement, First National Bank, due in monthly installments of \$535, including interest of 2.60%, through October 2022.	11,209	-	6,193	5,016	5,017
Installment Loan Agreement, First National Bank, due in annual installments of \$13,928, including interest of 2.90%, through August 2024, secured by vehicle.	39,474		12,772	26,702	13,154
Total Business – type Activities – Long-Term Debt	9,404,793		473,548	8,931,245	483,919
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 12,925,301</u>	<u>\$ 597,200</u>	<u>\$ 719,905</u>	<u>\$ 12,802,596</u>	<u>\$ 676,447</u>

Vested employee benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund for all governmental activities, business-type activities and the component unit.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Year End December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 192,529	\$ 118,434	\$ 483,919	\$ 282,984
2023	199,705	111,570	496,452	269,343
2024	175,553	104,062	494,102	255,409
2025	182,874	97,387	505,266	241,067
2026	184,217	90,280	521,448	226,744
2027-2031	532,026	382,704	2,318,899	902,963
2032-2036	615,545	293,009	1,693,042	578,954
2037-2041	655,000	192,875	1,296,117	293,473
2042-2046	672,000	85,140	674,000	118,529
2047-2051	243,000	7,335	254,000	50,247
2052-2056	_		194,000	15,868
Total	\$ 3,652,449	<u>\$ 1,482,796</u>	\$ 8,931,245	\$ 3,235,581

NOTE 7 - LEASES

The City entered into a capital lease for a lawnmower. The capital lease will be paid out of the golf course fund. Capital assets were capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time the lease was entered into.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Business-type Activities		
Assets: Equipment	\$	55,314	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(4,609)	
Total	\$	50,705	

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021:

2022		9,867
2023		10,432
2024		11,030
2025		11,661
2026		10,227
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$</u>	53,217

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

The City is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement and service retirement to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplied by the sum of 1.50% and 2.50% for officers' times the final compensation (FAC). The most recent period of which actuarial data was available was for year ended December 31, 2020.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

NOTE 8 -**EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

01 – Gnrl Union: Closed to new hires, linked to Division 12

2020 Valuation

2.50% Multiplier (80% max) **Benefit Multiplier:**

Normal Retirement Age:

10 Years **Vesting:**

Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25

Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25 55/15

Final Average Compensation: 5 years

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound) **COLA for Current Retirees:** 2.50% (Non-Compound)

Employee Contributions: 0%

Act 88: Yes (Adopted 6/5/1972)

02 - Pol/Fire: Closed to new hires, linked to Division 20

2020 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 2.50% Multiplier (80% max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60

Vesting: 10 Years

Early Retirement (Unreduced): 25 and Out

Early Retirement (Reduced): 55/15 **Final Average Compensation:** 3 years

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound) 2.50% (Non-Compound) **COLA for Current Retirees:**

Employee Contributions: 1.20%

Act 88: Yes (Adopted 6/5/1972)

10 - Gnrl NonUn: Closed to new hires, linked to Division 11

2020 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 2.50% Multiplier (80% max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60

10 Years

Vesting:

Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/15

Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25 **Final Average Compensation:** 5 years

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound) 2.50% (Non-Compound) **COLA for Current Retirees:**

Employee Contributions: 0%

Act 88: Yes (Adopted 6/5/1972)

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

11 – General non-union at 1/1/2012: Open Division, linked to Division 10

Benefit Multiplier: 1.50% Multiplier (no max)

Normal Potiroment Age: 60

Normal Retirement Age: 60 Vesting: 10 Years

Early Retirement (Unreduced): -

Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25 55/15

Final Average Compensation: 5 years **Employee Contributions:** 0%

Act 88: Yes (Adopted 6/5/1972)

12 – General Union after 1/1/2013: Open Division, linked to Division 01

Benefit Multiplier: 2020 Valuation
1.50% Multiplier (no max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60
Vesting: 10 Years
Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25

55/15 **Final Average Compensation:**55/15

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound)

Employee Contributions: 0%

Act 88: Yes (Adopted 6/5/1972)

20 – Police/Fire after 01/01/2013: Open Division, linked to Division 02

Benefit Multiplier:2020 Valuation
1.50% Multiplier (80% max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60
Vesting: 10 Years
Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25

55/15

Final Average Compensation: 5 years

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound)

Employee Contributions: 0%

Act 88: Yes (Adopted 6/5/1972)

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	37
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active employees	29
	73

Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the City's competitive bargaining unit and personnel policy, which require employees to contribute to the plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate.

The monthly employer contribution rate at December 31, 2021 is as follows:

General Union	\$ 20,716
Police/Fire	9,125
General Non-Union	19,054
General Non-Union	994
General Union After	2,755
Police/Fire After	763

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 %
Salary increases	3.00 %
Investment rate of return	7.35 %

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3 - 4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the Pub-2010 Annual Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study covering the period from December 31, 2014 through December 31, 2018.

Significant Changes from the Previous Actuarial Valuation:

• Mortality assumption changed from RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Tables to the Pub-2010 Annual Mortality Tables.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	60.0%	3.15%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	0.25%
Private Investments	20.0%	1.45%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

	Increases (Decreases)					
	T	otal Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	N	let Pension Liability
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	13,841,848	\$	7,934,236	\$	5,907,612
Service cost		131,146		-		131,146
Interest on total pension liability		1,020,588		-		1,020,588
Difference between expected and actual experience		125,265		_		125,265
Changes in assumptions		448,427		-		448,427
Employer contributions		-		656,767		(656,767)
Employee contributions		-		822		(822)
Net investment income		-		1,104,858		(1,104,858)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(957,260)		(957,260)		_
Administrative expense		-		(12,676)		12,676
Other changes		13,011		<u> </u>		13,011
Net changes		781,177		792,511		(11,334)
Balances as of December 31, 2021	\$	14,623,025	\$	8,726,747	\$	5,896,278

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.60%)	(7.60%)	(8.60%)
City's net pension liability	\$7,557,334	\$5,896,278	\$4,500,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MERS financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$838,495. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	211,333 557,157	\$	-	
on pension plan investments				633,170	
Total	\$	768,490	\$	633,170	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recorded in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	
2022	\$ 263,426
2023	17,848
2024	(39,320)
2025	(106,634)
	` ' '

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description. The City administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and employees. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

Funding Policy. Currently the city does not pre-fund retiree health benefits and instead provides for benefits on a payas-you-go basis.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of Actuarial date January 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	14
Total participants covered by OPEB Plan	37

The City's OPEB Plan is closed to new entrants.

Total OPEB Liability and Net OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,119,667 was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Discount Rate	2.12%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
2021 Trend	5.23%
2021 Trend	9.50%
Decrement	0.50%
Ultimate Trend	5.00%
Salary Increases	2.00%

The discount rate was based on the index provided by Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index based on the 20-year AA municipal bond rate as of December 31, 2021.

Mortality rates: SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2021 (Base Year 2006)

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Significant Changes from the Previous Actuarial Valuation

- Decreasing the discount rate from 4.10% to 2.12%.
- Trend rates were advanced, and the current year trend rate was adjusted to reflect actual experience.
- Mortality assumption changed from <u>SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2017 (Base Year 2006)</u> to <u>SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2021 (Base Year 2006)</u>.
- Morbidity factors were adjusted to reflect rates that better reflect expected underlying costs.
- The City correct the eligibility provisions used in the previous valuation. The current eligibility provision require age 55 with 15 years of service' previously valued using age 55 with 25 years of service.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			n Fiduciary et Position	Net OPEB Liability		
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	2,149,309	\$	_	\$	2,149,309	
Service cost		29,600		_		29,600	
Interest		44,466		-		44,466	
Assumption Changes		-		-		-	
Difference between actual and expected experience		-		_		-	
Contributions - Employer		-		103,708		(103,708)	
Benefit payments		(103,708)		(103,708)			
Net changes		(29,642)				(29,642)	
Balances as December 31, 2021	\$	2,119,667	\$	-	\$	2,119,667	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The December 31, 2021 valuation was prepared using a discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Baseline	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$2,515,024	\$2,119,667	\$1,807,103

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate.

The following presents the net OPEB Liability, calculated using the trend rate starting at 5.23% / (27.61%), as well as what the total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Baseline	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$1,783,624	\$2,119,667	\$2,553,172
For the year ended December 31, 2021	, the City recognized an OPEB	expense as follows:	
Service Cost		\$ 29	,600
Interest on total OPEB	liability	44	,466
Amortization of Deferred Charges Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Expected return on investments			.,229) .,367
Net OPEB Expense		<u>\$ 184</u>	· <u>,204</u>

Summary of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Differences between expected and actual experience for Fiscal year Ending	 Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Period	Annual ecognition	Bal D	lamortized lance as of December 31, 2021
December 31, 2017	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
December 31, 2018	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
December 31, 2019	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ (40,356)	3.30	\$ (12,229)	\$	(15,898)
December 31, 2021	N/A	N/A	 N/A		N/A
			\$ (12,229)	\$	(15,898)

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Changes in assumptions for Fiscal year Ending		Initial Amount		Initial Amortization Period		Annual cognition	Unamortized Balance as of December 31, 2021	
December 31,	, 2017	\$	(193,182)		4.39	\$ (44,005)	\$	(17,162)
December 31,	, 2018		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
December 31,	, 2019		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
December 31,	, 2020	\$	549,027		3.30	166,372		216,283
December 31,	, 2021		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
						\$ 122,367	\$	199,121
	As of Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021				Deferred Outflows	ferred flows		
	Differences between expected and actual exp Changes in assumptions	erie	nce	\$	216,283	\$ 15,898 17,162		
	Total			\$	216,283	\$ 33,060		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Annual Amortization of Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)	П	
December 31, 2022		\$ 136,981
December 31, 2023		46,242
Total		\$ 183,223

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City was unable to obtain general liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. The City joined together with other governments and created a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to the pool for its automobile, property, and general liability insurance coverage. The agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$25,000 for each insured event.

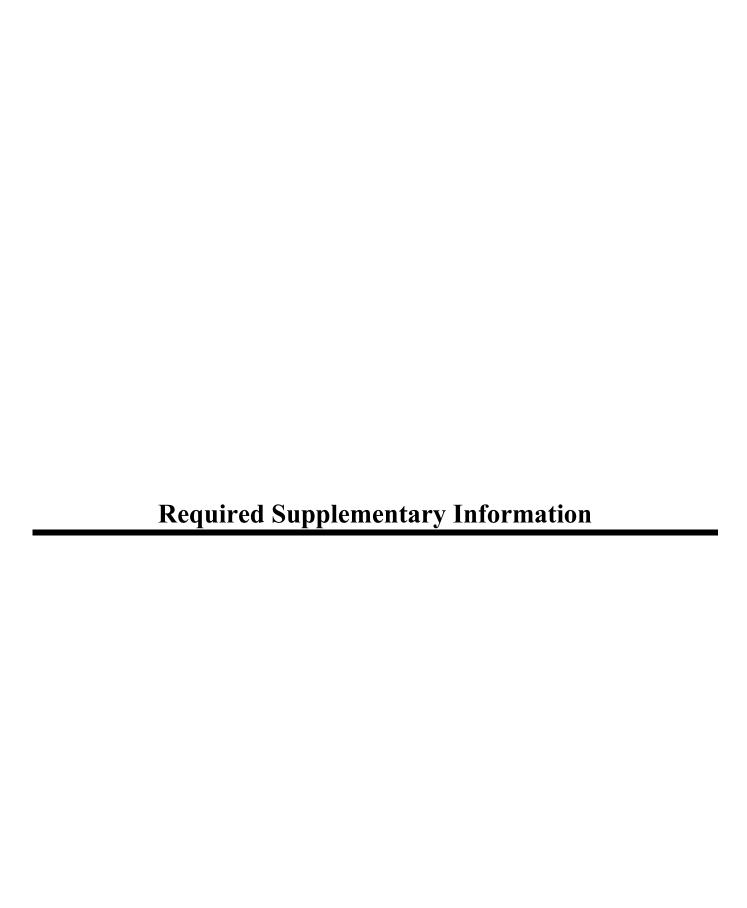
The pooling agreement allows for the pool to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining. The City is unable to provide an estimate of the amounts of any potential additional assessments.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks and loss. The City has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 11 - EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS:

Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual expenditures were in excess of amounts appropriated as follows:

		Total	A	mount of	Budget		
	Apr	<u>Appropriations</u>		iations Expenditures		Variance	
General Fund:							
Public Safety	\$	708,937	\$	753,130	\$	(44,193)	
Public Works		166,899		208,451		(41,552)	
Transfers Out		170,056		250,421		(80,365)	



Required Supplementary Information Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems Schedule of Changes in Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$ 131,146	\$ 126,614	\$ 136,812	\$ 117,039	\$ 124,471	\$ 121,656	\$ 117,999
Interest	1,020,588	963,766	971,145	936,705	921,588	858,648	827,267
Difference between expected							
and actual experience	125,265	91,048	287,442	169,315	(106,275)	106,359	(15,708)
Changes in assumptions	448,427	441,673	-	-	-	640,117	-
Other Changes	13,011	45,747	25,811	29,490	(38,389)	(17,146)	-
Benefit payments, including							
refund of member contributions	(957,260)	(889,642)	(858,946)	(804,931)	(615,324)	(579,952)	(523,877)
Net change in total pension liability	781,177	779,206	562,264	447,618	286,071	1,129,682	405,681
Total pension liability - beginning	13,841,848	13,062,642	12,500,378	12,052,760	11,766,689	10,637,007	10,231,326
Total pension liability - ending	\$14,623,025	\$13,841,848	\$13,062,642	\$12,500,378	\$12,052,760	\$11,766,689	\$ 10,637,007
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 656,767	\$ 551,312	\$ 509,310	\$ 413,428	\$ 381,917	\$ 329,047	\$ 300,727
Contributions - employee	822	1,223	1,536	2,056	1,976	1,897	2,690
Net investment income	1,104,858	909,767	911,769	(283,500)	899,933	721,074	(99,000)
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of member contributions	(957,260)	(889,642)	(858,946)	(804,931)	(615,324)	(579,951)	(523,877)
Administrative expense	(12,676)	(14,632)	(15,703)	(14,327)	(14,257)	(14,242)	(14,652)
Other Changes				(2)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	792,511	558,028	547,966	(687,276)	654,245	457,825	(334,112)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	7,934,236	7,376,208	6,828,242	7,515,518	6,861,273	6,403,448	6,737,560
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 8,726,747	\$ 7,934,236	\$ 7,376,208	\$ 6,828,242	\$ 7,515,518	\$ 6,861,273	\$ 6,403,448
City's net pension liability - ending	\$ 5,896,278	\$ 5,907,612	\$ 5,686,434	\$ 5,672,136	\$ 4,537,242	\$ 4,905,416	\$ 4,233,559
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60%	57%	56%	55%	62%	58%	60%
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 1,341,175	\$ 1,266,291	\$ 1,364,159	\$ 1,122,251	\$ 1,135,338	\$ 1,114,150	\$ 1,054,102
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	440%	467%	417%	505%	400%	440%	402%

Rquired Supplementary Information Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 644,768	\$ 474,311	\$ 451,944	\$ 410,796	\$ 329,048	\$ 300,728	\$ 324,396
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	656,767	551,312	509,310	413,428	381,917	329,047	300,727
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (11,999)	\$ (77,001)	\$ (57,366)	\$ (2,632)	\$ (52,869)	\$ (28,319)	\$ 23,669
Covered - employee payroll	\$1,341,175	\$1,266,291	\$ 1,364,159	\$ 1,122,251	\$ 1,135,338	\$ 1,114,150	\$ 1,054,102
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	49%	44%	37%	37%	34%	30%	29%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5-years smoothed market

Inflation2.50%Salary increases3.00%Investment rate of return7.35%

Retirement ages of general employees were adjusted to more closely

reflect actual experience

Mortality Assumptions were based on the Pub-2010 annual mortality tables.

Significant Changes from the Previous Actuarial Valuation:

 $Mortality\ assumption\ changed\ from\ RP-2014\ Group\ Annuity\ Mortality\ Tables\ to\ the\ Pub-2010\ Annual\ Mortality\ Tables.$

Required Supplementary Information Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 2,149,309	\$ 1,668,135	\$ 1,713,238	\$ 1,909,429
Service cost	29,600	28,986	18,142	21,751
Interest	44,466	45,072	68,419	64,214
Assumption changes and differences				
between actual and expected experience	-	508,671	-	(196,679)
Benefit payments	 (103,708)	(101,555)	(88,982)	 (85,477)
OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 2,119,667	\$ 2,149,309	\$ 1,710,817	\$ 1,713,238
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 103,708	\$ 101,555	\$ 88,982	\$ 85,477
Net investment income	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(103,708)	(101,555)	(88,982)	(85,477)
Administrative expense	 	 	 	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning of Year	 	 	 	
Plan fiduciary net position - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability - End of Year	\$ 2,119,667	\$ 2,149,309	\$ 1,710,817	\$ 1,713,238
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total OPEB liability	0%	0%	0%	0%
Covered Payroll	\$ 734,267	\$ 719,870	\$ 784,905	\$ 769,515
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	288.68%	298.57%	217.96%	222.64%
Schedule of Employer Contributions				
Service cost	\$ 29,600	\$ 28,986	\$ 18,142	\$ 21,750
30 year amortization of NOL	97,557	98,805	96,334	 99,613
Actuarially determined contribution	127,157	127,791	114,476	121,363
Actual Contribution	 103,708	 101,555	 88,982	 85,477
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ 23,449	\$ 26,236	\$ 25,494	\$ 35,886
Covered Payroll	\$ 734,267	\$ 719,870	\$ 784,905	\$ 769,515
ADC as a percentage of payroll	17.32%	17.75%	14.58%	15.77%

Key Assumptions:

Census Collection Date

Discount rate

2.12%

Year 1 inflation rate

Year 2 inflation rate

Ultimate inflation rate

Year Ultimate inflation rate is reached

January 1, 2020

2.12%

9.50%

Year 2 inflation rate

9.50%

2030

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal (percent of salary)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget -		
	Budgeted			Positive		
DEVEN HER	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES:				.		
Taxes	\$ 1,202,530	\$ 1,212,355	\$ 1,274,192	\$ 61,837		
Licenses and Permits	6,170	6,288	6,287	(1)		
Federal Sources	2,000	-	-	-		
State Sources	241,630	241,630	289,869	48,239		
Local Sources	11,320	44,235	41,605	(2,630)		
Charges for Services	72,830	86,523	86,970	447		
Interest & Rental	27,500	27,500	28,324	824		
Fines & Forfeitures	800	1,045	694	(351)		
Other Revenue	208,411	144,823	141,393	(3,430)		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,773,191	1,764,399	1,869,334	104,935		
EXPENDITURES:						
Legislative:						
City Commission	25,960	22,805	21,167	1,638		
General Government:						
City Manager	190,770	186,361	182,867	3,494		
Board of Review	2,090	2,090	1,791	299		
City Assessor	79,794	65,480	42,433	23,047		
City Attorney	27,000	49,000	55,813	(6,813)		
City Clerk/Treasurer	260,900	260,900	293,864	(32,964)		
Elections	4,000	4,000	3,888	112		
City Hall & Grounds	31,250	29,677	27,778	1,899		
Non-Departmental	56,940	94,714	99,255	(4,541)		
Total General Government	652,744	692,222	707,689	(15,467)		
Public Safety:						
Police	533,989	569,124	571,557	(2,433)		
Safety & Health	16,950	22,372	53,657	(31,285)		
Planning & Zoning	3,650	1,253	1,779	(526)		
Fire	104,575	116,188	126,137	(9,949)		
Total Public Safety	659,164	708,937	753,130	(44,193)		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

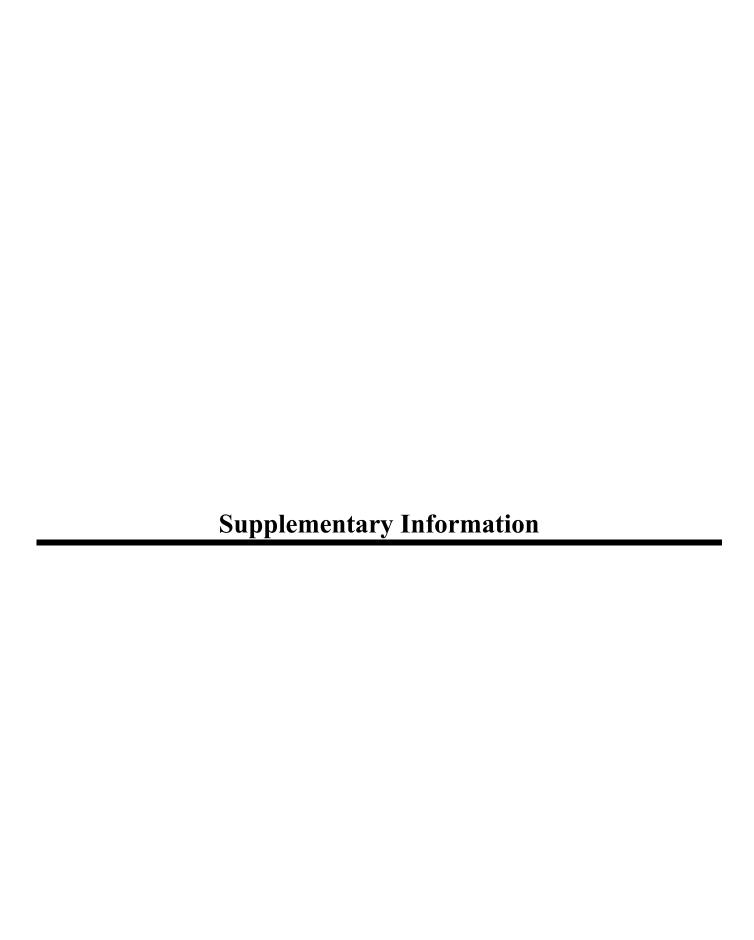
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)		
Public Works:						
DPW	120,860	126,260	171,161	(44,901)		
Sidewalks	-	304	337	(33)		
Garbage Collection	1,100	335	-	335		
Street Lighting	40,000	40,000	36,953	3,047		
Total Public Works	161,960	166,899	208,451	(41,552)		
Community and Economic Development	97,314	77,926	77,877	49		
Recreation and Culture:						
Park Maintenance	54,260	84,285	102,432	(18,147)		
Boat Launch	4,195	4,195	3,993	202		
Total Recreation and Culture	58,455	88,480	106,425	(17,945)		
Other Expenditures:						
Insurance and Bonds	26,300	13,780	7,577	6,203		
Fringe Benefits	96,000	60,855	56,978	3,877		
Total Other Expenditures	122,300	74,635	64,555	10,080		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,777,897	1,831,904	1,939,294	(107,390)		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(4,706)	(67,505)	(69,960)	(2,455)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In	207,420	235,400	233,345	(2,055)		
Transfers Out	(140,050)	(170,056)	(250,421)	(80,365)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	67,370	65,344	(17,076)	(82,420)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 62,664	\$ (2,161)	(87,036)	\$ (84,875)		
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,524,497			
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR			\$ 1,437,461			

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Streets Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Rudgeted	∆ moi	unte			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Fin			Final	Actual Amounts			(Negative)	
REVENUES:	Original			Tillel	Tettai Tilloui		(Tregutive)		
Taxes	\$	55,200	\$	55,200	\$	57,199	\$	1,999	
State Sources	·	289,800	·	378,265		385,419		7,154	
Local Sources		8,250		11,500		11,500		-	
Interest Earnings		2,300		2,300		4,071		1,771	
TOTAL REVENUES		355,550		447,265		458,189		10,924	
EXPENDITURES:									
Public Works		337,728		337,728		164,769		172,959	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		337,728		337,728		164,769		172,959	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		17,822		109,537		293,420		183,883	
OTHER EINANGING COURGE (JICES).									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers Out		(56,369)		(56,369)		(56,369)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(38,547)	\$	53,168		237,051	\$	183,883	
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR						654,414			
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR					\$	891,465			

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Streets Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						Fina	ance with l Budget -	
	Budgeted Amounts					P	ositive	
	Original Fina			Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	50,200	\$	54,279	\$	57,199	\$	2,920
State Sources		129,269		129,207		149,375		20,168
Local Sources		8,250		11,500		11,500		-
Charges for Service		300		300		-		(300)
Interest Earnings		550		550		2,252		1,702
Other Revenue		100		100				(100)
TOTAL REVENUES		188,669		195,936		220,326		24,390
EXPENDITURES:								
Public Works		227,538		227,538		221,202		6,336
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		227,538		227,538		221,202		6,336
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(38,869)		(31,602)		(876)		30,726
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		45,369		45,369		45,369		_
Transfers Out		(6,500)		(6,500)		(6,500)		_
Transfeld Out		(0,500)		(0,500)		(0,500)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$		\$	7,267		37,993	\$	30,726
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR						167,945		
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR					\$	205,938		



Schedule of Bond Covenant Cash Reserves Required and Actual Balances December 31, 2021

		Required Balance	Actual Balance		
Water Fund - Restricted Cash Operation and Maintenance Funds	\$	488,188	\$	488,188	
	Ψ	400,100	Ψ	400,100	
Bond and Interest Redemption					
2000 Series Water Supply System Revenue Bonds		103,647		103,647	
Bond Reserves					
2000 Series Water Supply System Revenue Bonds		146,000		146,000	
Repair, Replacement and Improvement Accounts					
2000 Series Water Supply System Revenue Bonds		118,570		118,570	
	\$	856,405	\$	856,405	
Sewer Fund Restricted Cash					
Operation and Maintenance Funds	\$	106,017	\$	106,017	
Bond and Interest Redemption					
1999A / 1999B Series Sewage Disposal Revenue Bonds		22,583		22,583	
2009 Sewage Disposal System Junior Lien Revenue Bond		3,559		3,559	
2010 USDA Rural Development Sewer Capital Improvement Project Bonds - Net		8,356		8,356	
2008 Revolving Sewer Fund Loan		60,969		60,969	
2015 Revolving Sewer Fund Loan		56,610		56,610	
Bond Reserves					
1999A / 1999B Series Sewage Disposal Revenue Bonds		46,500		46,500	
2010 USDA Rural Development Sewer Capital Improvement Project Bonds		124,700		124,700	
2019 USDA Rural Development Sewer Capital Improvement Project Bonds		14,500		14,500	
Repair, Replacement and Improvement Accounts					
1999A / 1999B Series Sewage Disposal Revenue Bonds		260,046		260,046	
2010 USDA Rural Development Sewer Capital Improvement Project Bonds		255,804		255,804	
2019 USDA Rural Development Sewer Capital Improvement Project Bonds		157,268		157,268	
	\$	1,116,912	\$	1,116,912	

Combining Balance Sheet General Funds December 31, 2021

	Employee Benefit			Payroll Clearing			
	General		Fund	Fund		Totals	
ASSETS:							
Cash and Investments - Unrestricted	\$ 863,802	\$	311,904	\$	84,321	\$	1,260,027
Receivables:							
Accounts	5,152		-		-		5,152
Taxes	103,149		-		-		103,149
Due from Other Funds	154,414		-		-		154,414
Due from Governmental Units	46,373		-		-		46,373
Prepaid Expense	13,077		-		-		13,077
Inventory	134,239				_		134,239
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,320,206	\$	311,904	\$	84,321	\$	1,716,431
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 136,791	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136,791
Accrued Liabilities	57,858				84,321		142,179
TOTAL LIABILITIES	194,649				84,321		278,970
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable	147,316		=		-		147,316
Committed	-		311,904				311,904
Unassigned	978,241						978,241
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,125,557		311,904				1,437,461
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,320,206	\$	311,904	\$	84,321	\$	1,716,431

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - General Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Employee Benefit Fund		Payroll Clearing Fund		Totals
REVENUES:	_					
Taxes	\$ 1,274,192	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,274,192
Licenses and Permits	6,287		-		-	6,287
State Sources	289,869		-		-	289,869
Local Sources	38,605		3,000		-	41,605
Charges for Services	86,970		-		-	86,970
Interest and Rentals	27,637		687		-	28,324
Fines and Forfeitures	694		-		-	694
Other Revenue	 141,393		-		-	141,393
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,865,647		3,687			 1,869,334
EXPENDITURES:						
Legislative	21,167		-		-	21,167
General Government	680,126		27,563		-	707,689
Public Safety	753,130		-		-	753,130
Public Works	208,451		-		-	208,451
Community and Economic Development	77,877		-		-	77,877
Recreation and Culture	106,425		=			106,425
Other Expenditures	 64,555		-			 64,555
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,911,731		27,563			1,939,294
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (46,084)		(23,876)		-	 (69,960)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating Transfers In	174,045		59,300		_	233,345
Operating Transfers Out	 (213,421)		(37,000)			 (250,421)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (39,376)		22,300			(17,076)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(85,460)		(1,576)		-	(87,036)
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,211,017		313,480			 1,524,497
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ 1,125,557	\$	311,904	\$	-	\$ 1,437,461

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds										
	En	Law forcement		Library	C	emetery	C	ommunity Center	suilding aspector		Fire
ASSETS:											
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	130,525	\$	463,953	\$	46,181	\$	170,550	\$ 27,383	\$	168,926
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted		-		=		=		=	-		=
Accounts Receivable		-		-		3,050		19,785	-		=
Taxes Receivable		-		6,370		-		6,399	-		=
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	-		=
Prepaid Items				1,292				4,393	 		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	130,525	\$	471,615	\$	49,231	\$	201,127	\$ 27,383	\$	168,926
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	17,325	\$	=	\$	623	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities		-		3,060		_		5,121	-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		_		-	-		17,070
Unearned Revenue									 		
TOTAL LIABILITIES				20,385				5,744	 		17,070
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable		-		1,292		-		-	-		-
Restricted		130,525		449,938		49,231		_	-		151,856
Assigned				_				195,383	 27,383		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		130,525		451,230		49,231		195,383	 27,383		151,856
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	130,525	\$	471,615	\$	49,231	\$	201,127	\$ 27,383	\$	168,926

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	Spec	cial Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds								
		American escue Plan	•	Hall DPW	Buildi Author	_	An	nbulance	Fire I		Building Improvement
ASSETS:											
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	121,573	\$	7,989	\$	-	\$	30,046	\$	-	\$ -
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted		-		-		-		-		7	-
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-		-	-
Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-	-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		=		-	-
Prepaid Items								_			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	121,573	\$	7,989	\$		\$	30,046	\$	7	\$ -
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts Payable	\$	62,566	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-	-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	-
Unearned Revenue		59,007								-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		121,573				-		_			
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-	_
Restricted		-		7,989		-		30,046		7	-
Assigned											
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		<u>-</u>		7,989				30,046		7	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	121,573	\$	7,989	\$		\$	30,046	\$	7	\$ -

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

		Capital Pro	oject F	unds		Pe	ermanent Fund	
	ock No. 3	BE Park struction		Fire Hall nstruction	Capital provement Trust	t Perpetual Care Cemetery		Total
ASSETS:	 				 			
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 247,687	\$ 1,206	\$	33,233	\$ 49,698	\$	-	\$ 1,498,950
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted	-	-		-	-		25,000	25,007
Accounts Receivable	-	-		-	-		-	22,835
Taxes Receivable	-	-		-	-		-	12,769
Due from Other Funds	-	-		17,070	-		-	17,070
Prepaid Items	 	 			 			 5,685
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 247,687	\$ 1,206	\$	50,303	\$ 49,698	\$	25,000	\$ 1,582,316
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$	4,407	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 85,921
Accrued Liabilities	-	-		-	-		-	8,181
Due to Other Funds	-	-		=	-		-	17,070
Unearned Revenue	 	 			 			 59,007
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 <u>-</u>	1,000		4,407	 			170,179
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable	_	-		-	_		25,000	26,292
Restricted	247,687	-		45,896	49,698		-	1,162,873
Assigned		206			 			 222,972
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 247,687	206		45,896	 49,698		25,000	 1,412,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 247,687	\$ 1,206	\$	50,303	\$ 49,698	\$	25,000	\$ 1,582,316

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Law Enforcement	Library	Cemetery	Community Center	Building Inspector	Fire
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 84,665	\$ -	\$ 76,628	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	24,365	-	-
Federal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Sources	-	53,852	-	-	-	-
Local Sources	-	52,872	-	64,018	-	9,724
Charges for Services	-	226	7,606	135,606	9,220	-
Interest Earnings	-	1,242	625	307	-	347
Other Revenue		6,040	150	2,522		
TOTAL REVENUES		198,897	8,381	303,446	9,220	10,071
EXPENDITURES:						
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	4,235	-
Public Works	-	-	11,413	_	-	-
Recreation and Culture	-	163,505	-	287,856	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	_	-	-
Debt Service			<u> </u>	6,280		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		163,505	11,413	294,136	4,235	<u> </u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		35,392	(3,032)	9,310	4,985	10,071
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		33,392	(3,032)	9,310	4,983	10,071
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Bond Proceeds	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers In	_	_	6,180	20,000	_	7,532
Transfers Out	-	(2,000)		(500)	-	(8,315)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	(2,000)		19,500		(783)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		33,392	3,148	28,810	4,985	9,288
MET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	33,392	3,140	20,010		9,200
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR	130,525	417,838	46,083	166,573	22,398	142,568
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ 130,525	\$ 451,230	\$ 49,231	\$ 195,383	\$ 27,383	\$ 151,856

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds							
	American Rescue Plan	City Hall DPW Debt Fund	Building Authority	Ambulance	Fire Hall Debt	Building Improvement			
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Federal Sources	62,566	-	-	-	-	-			
State Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Local Sources	-	-	-	-	99,490	-			
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest Earnings	-	7	-	-	9	92			
Other Revenue									
TOTAL REVENUES	62,566	7			99,499	92			
EXPENDITURES:									
General Government	62,566	-	-	1,742	-	-			
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Works	-	_	-	-	-	-			
Recreation and Culture	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Debt Service		55,938	79,575	31,094	99,494				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	62,566	55,938	79,575	32,836	99,494				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER									
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(55,931)	(79,575)	(32,836)	5	92			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Bond Proceeds	-	_	-	-	-	-			
Transfers In	-	56,885	79,029	31,094	-	1,336			
Transfers Out						(35,230)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		56,885	79,029	31,094		(33,894)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	954	(546)	(1,742)	5	(33,802)			
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,035	546	31,788	2	33,802			
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 7,989	\$ -	\$ 30,046	\$ 7	\$ -			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Capital P	roject Funds		Permanent Fund	
	Dock No. 3 Improvements	LBE Park Construction	Fire Hall Construction	Capital Improvement Trust	Perpetual Care Cemetery	Totals
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 161,293
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	24,365
Federal Sources	-	104.022	-	-	-	62,566
State Sources	-	104,922	-	-	-	158,774
Local Sources	-	49,743	50,000	-	-	325,847
Charges for Services	-	-	-	107	-	152,658
Interest Earnings	- 44 197	-	-	107	-	2,736
Other Revenue	44,187					52,899
TOTAL REVENUES	44,187	154,665	50,000	107		941,138
EXPENDITURES:						
General Government	-	-	_	-	_	64,308
Public Safety	-	-	33,641	-	_	37,876
Public Works	-	-	-	-		11,413
Recreation and Culture	27,007	32,385	-	-	-	510,753
Capital Outlay	-	-	382,285	-	-	382,285
Debt Service						272,381
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,007	32,385	415,926			1,279,016
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	17,180	122,280	(365,926)	107		(337,878)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Bond Proceeds	-	-	597,200	-	-	597,200
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	202,056
Transfers Out		-				(46,045)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			597,200			753,211
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	17,180	122,280	231,274	107	-	415,333
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR	230,507	(122,074)	(185,378)	49,591	25,000	996,804
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ 247,687	\$ 206	\$ 45,896	\$ 49,698	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,412,137

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2021

				Office	
			Ec	quipment	
	E	quipment		Pool	Totals
ASSETS:					
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	311,166	\$	32,856	\$ 344,022
Accounts Receivable		11,286		196	11,482
Prepaid Items		6,048		-	6,048
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		269,337			 269,337
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	597,837	\$	33,052	\$ 630,889
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	7,511	\$	-	\$ 7,511
Accrued Liabilities		5,550		-	5,550
Accrued Interest Payable		2,894		-	2,894
Installment Loans - due within one year		33,188		-	33,188
Installment Loans - due in more than one year		162,148			 162,148
TOTAL LIABILITIES		211,291			 211,291
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		74,001		-	74,001
Unrestricted		312,545		33,052	 345,597
TOTAL NET POSITION		386,546		33,052	419,598
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	597,837	\$	33,052	\$ 630,889

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Equipment	Office Equipment Pool	Totals		
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for Services	\$ 280,777	\$ -	\$ 280,777		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel Services	115,556	-	115,556		
Contracted Services	480	-	480		
Insurance	5,973	-	5,973		
Utilities	7,392	-	7,392		
Repair and Maintenance	6,356	8,382	14,738		
Supplies	73,785	2,018	75,803		
Depreciation	47,897	264	48,161		
Other Expenses		12,716	12,716		
Total Operating Expenses	257,439	23,380	280,819		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	23,338	(23,380)	(42)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Local Grants	-	300	300		
Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets	1,575	-	1,575		
Interest Expense	(7,481)		(7,481)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(5,906)	300	(5,606)		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	17,432	(23,080)	(5,648)		
TRANSFERS:					
Transfers In	-	9,600	9,600		
Transfers (Out)	(21,635)		(21,635)		
Total Transfers	(21,635)	9,600	(12,035)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,203)	(13,480)	(17,683)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	390,749	46,532	437,281		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 386,546	\$ 33,052	\$ 419,598		

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	F	quipment	Office Equipment Pool		Total
		10.17.11.01.1			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Receipts from Customers or Users	\$	281,568	\$	(196)	\$ 281,372
Cash Paid to Vendors		(94,912)		(23,744)	(118,656)
Cash Paid to Employees Wages and Benefits		(112,800)			 (112,800)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		73,856		(23,940)	49,916
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:					
Local Sources		-		300	300
Transfers (Out) In		(21,635)		9,600	 (12,035)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		(21,635)		9,900	(11,735)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Gain on Sales of Assets		1,575		-	1,575
Principal Payments		(32,115)		-	(32,115)
Interest Payments		(7,481)			 (7,481)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(38,021)			 (38,021)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		14,200		(14,040)	160
Cash and Equivalents at Beginning of Year		296,966		46,896	 343,862
Cash and Equivalents at End of Year	\$	311,166	\$	32,856	\$ 344,022
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	23,338	\$	(23,380)	\$ (42)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation Expense		47,897		264	48,161
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decrease (Increase) in Assets:					
Accounts Receivable		791		(196)	595
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		(926)		(628)	(1,554)
Accrued Liabilities		2,756			2,756
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	73,856	\$	(23,940)	\$ 49,916

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2021

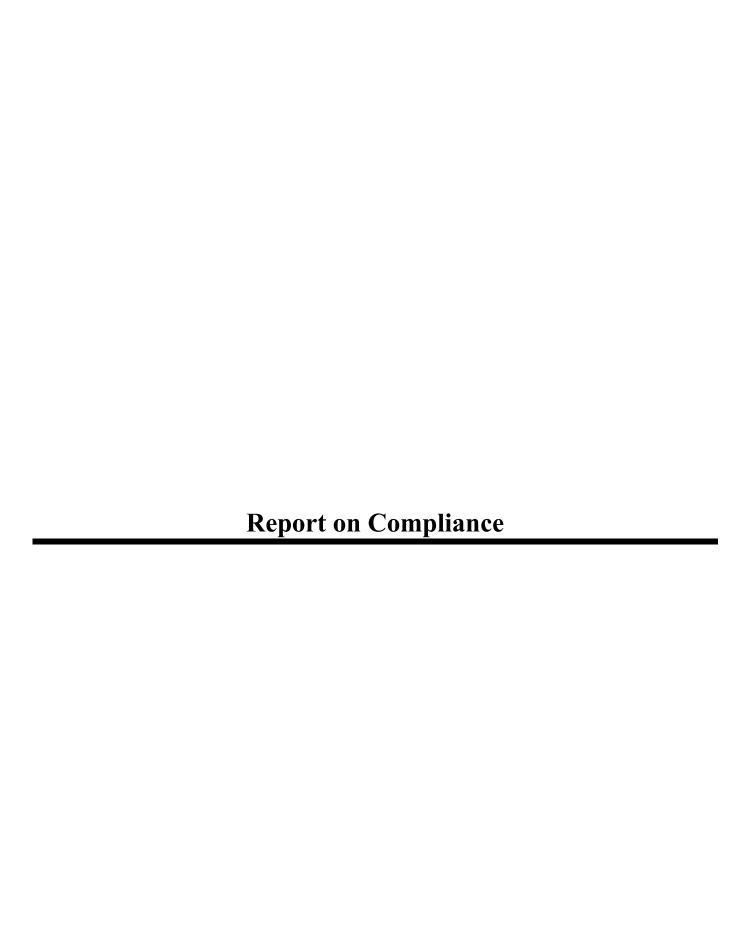
	BFI Garbage Collection		Golf Course		Totals
ASSETS:					
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	54,182	\$	99,589	\$ 153,771
Account Receivable		14,068		-	14,068
Taxes Receivable		340		-	340
Prepaid Items		-		1,551	1,551
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)		-		43,039	43,039
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)				60,395	 60,395
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	68,590	\$	204,574	\$ 273,164
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	10,030	\$	30	\$ 10,060
Lease Payable - due within one year		-		9,867	9,867
Lease Payable - due in more than one year				43,350	 43,350
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,030	\$	53,247	\$ 63,277
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		-		50,217	50,217
Unrestricted		58,560		101,110	 159,670
TOTAL NET POSITION		58,560		151,327	 209,887
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	68,590	\$	204,574	\$ 273,164

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BFI Garbage Collection	Golf Course	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for Services	\$ 128,724	\$ 159,175	\$ 287,899
Total Operating Revenues	128,724	159,175	287,899
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personnel Services	-	85,940	85,940
Supplies	-	2,088	2,088
Contracted Services	119,466	2,639	122,105
Insurance	-	2,856	2,856
Utilities	-	21,270	21,270
Repairs and Maintenance	-	19,534	19,534
Rent	-	8,892	8,892
Depreciation and Amortization	-	5,799	5,799
Other Expenses		10,226	10,226
Total Operating Expenses	119,466	159,244	278,710
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	9,258	(69)	9,189
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest Income	-	353	353
Interest Expense	-	(251)	(251)
Other		6,049	6,049
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		6,151	6,151
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	9,258	6,082	15,340
TRANSFERS:			
Transfers In	-	10,000	10,000
Transfers Out			
Total Transfers		10,000	10,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	9,258	16,082	25,340
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	49,302	135,245	184,547
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 58,560	\$ 151,327	\$ 209,887

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BFI Garbage Collection		Golf Course		Totals	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	130,928	\$	159,175	\$	290,103
Cash Paid to Employees Wages and Benefits		(110.160)		(85,940)		(85,940)
Cash Paid to Vendors		(119,168)		(67,738)		(186,906)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		11,760		5,497		17,257
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Income		_		353		353
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		_	-	353		353
· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1			
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:				6.040		6.040
Other Revenues		-		6,049		6,049
Transfers In(Out)				10,000		10,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities				16,049		16,049
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Loan Proceed		-		55,064		55,064
Lease Principal Payments		-		(1,847)		(1,847)
Lease Interest Payment		-		(251)		(251)
Purchase of Capital Assets				(55,314)		(55,314)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		-		(2,348)		(2,348)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		11,760		19,551		31,311
Cash and Equivalents, Beginning of Year		42,422		80,038		122,460
Cash and Equivalents, End of Year	\$	54,182	\$	99,589	\$	153,771
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	9,258	\$	(69)	\$	9,189
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation Expense		-		5,799		5,799
Change in Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:						
Accounts Receivable		2,544		-		2,544
Taxes Recievable		(340)		-		(340)
(Decrease) Increase in Liabilities:		200		(000)		. . .
Accounts Payable		298		(233)		65
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	11,760	\$	5,497	\$	17,257





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KINROSS OFFICE

KENNETH A. TALSMA, CPA, PRINCIPAL AMBER N. MACK, CPA, PRINCIPAL

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DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS
MEMBER MACPA
OFFICES IN
MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of St. Ignace, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon, dated June 28, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing and opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-004 to be a material weakness.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001, 2021-002 and 2021-003 to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-003 and 2021-004.

City of St. Ignace, Michigan's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of St. Ignace, Michigan's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of St. Ignace, Michigan's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

anderson Jackman, Co. PSC

Kincheloe, Michigan

June 28, 2022

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Significant Deficiencies

Lack of Segregation of Duties

Finding 2021-001

<u>Condition</u>: As is the case with many organizations of similar size, the City lacks a sufficient number of accounting personnel in order to ensure a complete segregation of duties within its accounting function. Ideally, no single individual should ever be able to authorize a transaction, record the transaction in the accounting records, and maintain custody of the assets resulting from the transaction. Effectively, proper segregation of duties is intended to prevent an individual from committing an act of fraud or abuse and being able to conceal it.

<u>Criteria</u>: Management is responsible for establishing effective internal controls to safeguard the City's assets, and to prevent or detect misstatements to the financial statements. In establishing appropriate internal controls, careful consideration must be given to the cost of a particular control and the related benefits to be received. Accordingly, management must make the difficult decision of what degree of risk it is willing to accept, given the City's unique circumstances.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this condition, the City is exposed to an increased risk that misstatements or misappropriations might occur and not be detected by management in a timely manner.

Cause: This condition is a result of the City's limited resources, and the small size of its accounting staff.

<u>Recommendation</u>: While there are no easy answers to the challenge of balancing the costs and benefits of internal control and segregation of duties, we would nevertheless encourage management to actively seek ways to further strengthen its internal control structure by requiring as much independent review, reconciliation and approval of accounting functions by qualified members of management as possible.

<u>Planned Corrective Action</u>: The City Council is aware of the risks associated with this condition and has made the determination that given the City's limited resources, full segregation of duties is not feasible at this time. Accordingly, the Finance Committee will continue to review monthly information to mitigate this risk and rely on the external audit to help identify and correct misstatements, as needed.

Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 Darcy Long – City Manager

Status: Unchanged.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Significant Deficiencies

Significant Audit Adjustments

Finding 2021-002

<u>Condition</u>: During our audit, we identified and proposed several significant adjustments (which were approved and posted by management) to adjust the City's general ledger to the appropriate balances.

<u>Criteria</u>: Management is responsible for maintaining its accounting records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of this condition, the City's accounting records were initially misstated by amounts material to the financial statements.

<u>Cause</u>: This condition was the result of dependence on external auditors, who by definition cannot be a part of the City's internal control, to make adjustments to the general ledger and reconcile certain balance sheet accounts to their underlying detail.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should record all journal entries necessary to arrive at a reasonably adjusted trial balance prior to generating trial balances to be used for preparation of year-end financial statements.

<u>Planned Corrective Action</u>: The City will continue its efforts to record all known adjustments in order to provide a reasonably adjusted trial balance for the purposes of the audit. Additionally, more frequent detail review of budget to actual amounts should assist management in identifying accounts that should be adjusted.

Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 Darcy Long – City Manager

Status: Unchanged

Compliance and Other Matters

Significant Deficiencies

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Finding 2021-003

<u>Condition</u>: Our examination of procedures used by the City to adopt and maintain operating budgets for the City's budgetary fund revealed the following instance of noncompliance with the provisions of Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act.

The General Appropriations Act (budget) provided for expenditures of the General Fund to be controlled to the activity level. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, expenditures were incurred in excess of amounts appropriated in the amended budgets for the General Fund.

<u>Criteria</u>: The expenditures of funds in excess of appropriations are contrary to the provisions of Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended.

	Арі	Total Appropriations		mount of penditures	Budget Variance		
General Fund:							
Public Safety	\$	708,937	\$	753,130	\$	(44,193)	
Public Works		166,899		208,451		(41,552)	
Transfers Out		170,056		250,421		(80,365)	

Effect: The City has not complied with various State Statutes.

Cause: Failure to amend the budget for the General Fund during the year.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the City personnel responsible for administering the activities of the various funds of the City, develop budgetary control procedures for the General Fund, which will assure that expenditures do not exceed amounts authorized in the General Appropriations Act, or amendments thereof.

<u>Planned Corrective Action</u>: Management has agreed to correct the problem by monitoring the budgets more closely and performing budget amendments on a timely basis.

Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 Darcy Long – City Manager

Compliance and Other Matters

Material Weakness

Bank Reconciliation Process

Finding 2021-004

<u>Condition</u>: The City is required to perform monthly reconciliations between the treasurer's records, and bank records as prescribed by the Michigan Department of Treasury Uniform Accounting Procedures Manual for Local Governments.

<u>Criteria</u>: Reconciliation of the cash balances recorded by the clerk were incomplete and not prepared timely.

Effect: Noncompliance with applicable state requirements.

Cause: Oversight by management.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should reconcile between the treasurer's records, and bank records on a timely monthly basis.

<u>Planned Corrective Action Plan</u>: The City will implement necessary reconciliation processes.

Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 Andrea Insley – City Clerk/Treasurer



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KINROSS OFFICE

KENNETH A. TALSMA, CPA, PRINCIPAL AMBER N. MACK, CPA, PRINCIPAL

PHILLIP J. WOLF, CPA LESLIE A. BOHN, CPA TORI N. KRUISE, CPA MEMBER AICPA
DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS
MEMBER MACPA
OFFICES IN
MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of St. Ignace

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Ignace, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibilities under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated May 31, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

As part of our audit, we will consider the internal control of City of St. Ignace. Such considerations are solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we will also perform tests of City of St. Ignace's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions is not an objective of our audit.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for certain required supplementary information (RSI) to supplement the basic financial statements. Our responsibility with respect to the management's discussion, and analysis, employee retirement and benefit systems and budgetary comparison schedules, which supplement(s) the basic financial statements, is to apply certain limited procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. However, the RSI will not be audited and, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance, we will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We have been engaged to report on the bond covenant cash reserves and combining fund financial statements which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Our responsibility for this supementary information, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our letter about planning matters on May 31, 2022.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City of St. Ignace are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The City changed accounting policies related to fiduciary activities by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 84, Fiduciary Activities in 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the depreciation expense is based on estimated lives. We evaluated the key
 factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the
 financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the vested employee benefits is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation time.
- Management's estimate of the Annual Required Contribution for OPEB Obligations and pension benefits
 were based on various assumptions regarding life expectancies, inflation, premium increases, and
 investment rates.
- Management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable is based on past experience and future expectations for collection of various account balances and has been determined to be \$0.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreement with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 28, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Comments and Recommendations

The following is a summary of our observations with suggestions for improvements we believe should be brought to your attention. We noted no material matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and compliance, as reported in a separate letter in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* of the basic financial statement audit report.

State Chart of Accounts (Prior Year)

It was noted in our review of city's coding that there are multiple items that are being improperly coded to various revenue and expenditure coding. We recommend that the city review the state chart of accounts in the process of conversion to the updated chart including review the definition of the revenues and expenditure line items to ensure the proper accounts are being used.

Status: In process of being corrected waiting to finalize when state issues final chart.

Internal Control Reports (Prior Year)

Our firm issued several recommendations regarding accounting and internal control procedures which was issued during March 2018. Our review of the status of these recommendations, indicated several items remain outstanding regarding improvements to these systems. The Council should establish a management team or audit committee to review the recommendations and establish an implementation plan to assure these changes are implemented in accordance with City policy and reported to the Council or audit committee.

Status: In the process of being corrected

Cash Reconciliations (Prior Year)

During our audit of cash balances and reconciliations it was noted that several of the bank reconciliations for year end had unreconciled differences. Although these unreconciled differences were immaterial to the financial statements as a whole, the reconciliations should not be considered complete until there are effectively no unreconciled differences. Additionally, it was noted that the bank statements are not being reconciled on a timely basis. We recommend that all cash accounts are reconciled within 30 days of the month end to ensure compliance with state requirements.

Status: In the process of being corrected

Agency Funds (Prior Year)

It was noted in our review of agency funds that the city is currently coding revenues to their agency funds and we also noted that the agency funds had a few stale and negative items witin the funds. We recommend that the city review the rules relating to Agency funds to ensure that all future coding to these funds is correct, and that a review of all outstanding balances be performed on all outstanding balances.

Status: In the process of being corrected

Year End Accruals (Prior Year)

It was noted in our review of the balance sheet that the City did not book all of their year-end accruals for accounts payable, accounts receivable, or prepaid expenses. We recommend that the city perform at a minimum a yearend review of expenditures, and revenues from year end through sixty days post year end to ensure that items are recorded in the proper period.

Status: Uncorrected.

Inventory (Prior Year)

It was noted during our review of inventory that some general ledger accounts have not been updated to reflect year-end balances. We recommend that the City updates the inventory based on a physical count at year-end to reflect actual inventory levels.

Status: Uncorrected.

GASB 84 Implementation (Prior Year)

Effective for year-ended December 31, 2020 GASB 84 established a new criteria for determining how to report fiduciary activities in governmental financial statements. The focus is on whether the government is controlling the assets, and who the beneficiaries are. Under this revised standard, certain activities previously reported in agency funds may be reclassified in future periods. Upon review of agency funds, it was noted that activity of the City was being recorded in such funds, which is not in compliance with GASB 84.

Status: The City is working towards implementing the changes of GASB 84.

Uniform Administrative Requirements (Prior Year)

As a precondition to receive federal funds, prospective recipients must have effective administrative and financial internal controls. The Uniform Guidance requires *written* policies and procedures regarding:

- Cash Management Section 200.302(b)(6) payment procedures
- Allowability of Costs Section 200.302(b)(7) in accordance with Subpart E Cost Principals
- Conflict of Interest Section 200.318(c) covering standards of conduct
- Procurement Section 200.319(c) for purchasing
- Method of Conducting Technical Evaluations Section 200.320(d)(3) regarding proposals
- Travel Reimbursement Section 200.474(b) regarding travel expenses

Written policies should include provisions for training and consequences for violations of policies. The City should review its current written policies for compliance with the above requirements regarding federal awards and amend as necessary.

Status: Uncorrected.

Long Outstanding Checks

It was noted in our review of the year ending cash reconciliations that there are multiple long outstanding checks noted. We recommend that the city review the state unclaimed property manual and begin the process of escheating some of these long outstanding checks to the state to clean up the old long outstanding checks.

2% Pass-through Grants

It was noted in our review of grant revenues that the city is receiving some 2% grant moneys form the local tribe that are for other entities and NPO's and that these amounts are being recorded as revenues and expenditures of the general funds. We recommend that these funds be recorded in the custodial fund as these are not revenues nor expenses of the city as they are only a fiduciary of these funds from one unit to another.

Upcoming Pronouncements:

Single Approach for Reporting Leases

Effective years beginning after 12/15/2021 (your FY 2022)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The single approach is based on the principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, provides guidance for lease contracts for nonfinancial assets – including vehicles heavy equipment, and buildings – but excludes nonexchange transactions, including donated assets, and leases of intangible assets.

Single Approach for Reporting Leases (Continued)

Under the new Statement, a lessee government is required to recognize (1) a lease liability and (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. A lessor government is required to recognize (1) a lease receivable and (2) a deferred inflow of resources. A lessor will continue to report the leased asset in its financial statements.

A lease also will report the following in its financial statements:

- Amortization expense for using the lease asset (similar to depreciation) over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset.
- Interest expense on the lease liability.
- Note disclosures about the lease, including a general description of the leasing arrangement, the amount of the lease assets recognized, and a schedule of future lease payments to be made.

Limited exceptions to the single-approach guidance are provided for:

- Short-term leases, defined as lasting a maximum of 12 months at inception, including any options to extend.
- Financial purchases.
- Certain regulated leases, such as between municipal airports and air carriers.

The full text of Statement 87 is available on the GASB website, www.gasb.org.

State Chart of Accounts

Effective fiscal years ending after 9/30/2022 (your FY 2022)

The Uniform Chart of Accounts for Local Units of Government (Counties, Cities, Villages and Townships; and Authorities and Commissions established by counties, cities, villages and townships) has been developed by the Local Government Fiscal Accountability Division of the Michigan Department of Treasury with the assistance of the Michigan Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing. All local units of government in Michigan must use the Uniform Chart of Accounts. The new Chart of Accounts must be implemented for fiscal years ending September 30, 2021, and thereafter. Early implementation, after the reviewed Chart of Accounts is issued on December 31, 2019, will be allowed and encouraged.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion, and analysis, employee retirement and benefit systems and budgetary comparison schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and our knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the schedule of bond covenant cash reserves and combining fund financial statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this other information, we made certain inquires of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Conclusion

This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor, City Council and management of the City of St. Ignace, is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to express our appreciation, as well as that of our staff for the excellent cooperation we received while performing the audit. If we can be of any further assistance, please contact us.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants Kincheloe, Michigan

anderson Jackman Co. PSC

June 28, 2022